All the News
For Twelve Cents
Per Week.
Try
THE MORNING STAR,

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

M. BRADDY & GEO. O. GAYLORD

Are the wide awake Racket Store people of the city by the sea. We have in the last month received a goodly sum of hard cash from the damage we received by fire in Winston, N. C., 1892. With that money and other cash we had on hand the senior member of the firm is now in New York in the interest of the one price cash house of Wilmington, where he intends to buy by far the largest and nicest stock of goods it has ever been our fortune to show to our many friends and customers. We can save you money on all of your purchases in Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Clothing and Millinery. There is no one can truthfully say we do not carry what the people want. The generous public say we do and prove it by their liberal patronage. It is the common cry of all advertisers to say our stock is the lowest in price. I say this, we have not the place in this paper to quote prices on hardly any portion of our stock, but say this—bring from any house, after jewing them all you please samples and we guarantee our first price to be as low or lower than theirs. If you are not already a customer of our store we respectfully invite you to call and see us. Our add is not very large in this grand old paper, but our store has more shelf room than any store in the city by 40 per cent., and every shelf and every place is completely filled from floor to cealing with new, desirable and stylish goods. When you need Dress Goods and Trimmings remember the Racket. When in need of Shoes come to the Racket. When in need of Clothing and Underwear for Men and Boys the Racket have them. Carpets, Matting and Oil Cloths they are on the third floor of the Racket Store. We ask you to come to us for bargains at the Racket Store, on Front street, opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GEO. GAYLORD,
Proprietors.

mar 3 tf

Please Notice!

My stock or Dress Goods must go to make room for Gents' Furnishing. To do this I will sacrifice every yard of Dress Goods now occupying my shelves. This is positively true. Come and see for yourselves. Parties wishing to secure bargains will do well to come down Monday, March 5th, and be in line for our Clearing Sale of Dress Goods.

Below are a few articles to be put on sale:

Basket Flannel, 48 inch, 37½c yrd.
Silk warp Henriettas, 45 inches wide, at 75c yard, regular price $1.25
Silk warp Henriettas, reduced from $1.50 to 75c per yard.
Camel's Hair Serge, light weight, 46 inches wide, to be sold at 62½c, regular price $1.00.
Brocade Camel's Hair Serge, 46 inches wide, at 55c, regular price 85c.
Henrietta, all-wool, 42 inches wide, at 75c, original price $1.25.
38 inch Fancy Henrietta at 35c per yard.
Cross-barred Serge, 40 inches wide, worth 85c, at 55c per yard.
34 inch Flannel, all-wool, worth 40c, going at 25c.
Nun's Veiling, 38 inches wide, to be sold at 25c; all wool.
Two pieces Black Albatross, all wool, 21 inches wide, at 10c per yd.
One piece Serge, 38 inches wide, at 50c, regular price 85c per yard.
All-wool Fancy Flannel, 38 inches, regular price 50c, reduced to 20c.
Think—All-wool Stripe Flannel in Tan and Grey, to be sold at 20c, regular price 45c
One piece of light grey plad Flannel at 35c, regular price 60c.
Fancy Plaid Flannel at 35c.
Scotch Plaid Cashmere at 37½c, regular price 65c.
One piece Drab Bateste, fine stripe, at 12½c, regular price 25c.

Come early and secure the bargains. Every article in Dress Goods at a sacrifice.

Respectfully,

C. E. Gordon's,

N. E Cor. Market and Front sts.

mar 2 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,
Wilmington, N. C

Importers and Jobbers
American, English
And German
Hardware
Tinware,
Earthenware,
Cutlery,
Guns,
Ammunition &c.

sep 23 tf

Seed Potatoos.

40 barrels Selected EARLY ROSE POTATOES.
20 barrels as usually sold.
25 barrels S. H. MOLASSES.
100 barrels CUBA "
100 barrels P. R. "
25 barrels N. O. "
700 barrels FLOUR.
2000 bags FOUR.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
226 North Water Street,
feb 26 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail.

TOBACCO,
SNUFF,
CIGARS,
SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.

dec 9

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LV.—NO. 144. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, MARCH 3, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,680

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

OUTLINES.

Proceedings in Congress yesterday. —— Movements of United States warships. —— The railroad wreck in Mexico—total number of deaths seventy; five more of the injured are expected to die. —— Terrible boiler explosion in a saw-mill in Ohio. —— Beaten by White-caps—two brothers unmercifully whipped in Yadkin county, N. C. —— Southern Railroad Company—new contracts with other roads. —— Honolulu advices—the ex-Queen sentenced to five years' imprisonment and $5,000 fine; others sentenced. —— The revolution in Cuba—a fight reported. —— China and Japan—it is rumored that peace negotiations will be a failure. —— Homicide in Georgia. —— A large schooner driven ashore on Cobb's Island. —— Flour mills burned in Illinois. —— A disastrous fire at Salina, Kansas. —— Prize-fighting in England. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— New York markets: Money on call nominally 2@3½ per cent.; cotton quiet; middling gulf 5⅝ cts; middling uplands 5⅝ cts; Southern flour quiet and steady; common to fair extra $1.90@3.75; good to choice do. $3.80@3.95; wheat—spot dull and ½@½c lower; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 58¼@58¾c; afloat 60@60¼ cts; corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 49@49½c; afloat 50½ cents; spirits turpentine firm and quiet at 38½@38¾ cents; rosin dull and firm; strained common to good $1.40@1.45.

A South Dakota man says he knows who stole the Fair will, and for $15,000 he will tell. That man evidently doesn't run an information bureau for nothing.

In Louisville the Indianapolis man is regarded as hog-proof. Four car loads of hogs which were recently condemned by the Louisville inspector, were forthwith shipped to Indianapolis.

A Kansas electrician has succeeded in establishing electrical communication with a vessel anchored several miles out at sea. He made his original experiments on a "prairie schooner."

Hawaii is progressing in civilization under the rule of the "Sons of the Missionaries." The gallows has be erected to take the place of the old chop block, so that the condemned criminal may swing off gracefully without feeling hacked.

The fact that several of the leading Western railroads have placed large orders for rolling stock, etc., indicates, in the opinion of the Chicago *Railway Gazette*, that the railroad managers are looking for a revival in business and are preparing for it.

Louise Michel, the Anarchist, is reported dangerously ill in London. Louise was dangerously well before she became dangerously ill. She was when in good health capable of a good deal of devilment and seemed to enjoy it.

Here's another romance spoiled. It turns out that that fellow who was recently pardoned from the penitentiary in Missouri to take possession of a great inheritance, fell heir to $62.50, and a brother gobbled that up and lit out before the other fellow got out of the pen.

The recent municipal election cost the city of Philadelphia $115,901.95, which does not include what it cost the hustlers who were running the election. The fact that it cost only $115,901.95 shows that Philadelphia has an eye to economy. In more extravagant cities it might have cost $115,902.

It never got so hot that it wasn't hotter somewhere and some time, and never so cold that it wasn't ditto. We are now told that it was so cold in Holland in 1554 that the old fellows carried their wine around in their pockets in frozen chunks, and when they wanted a drink they took out a slice and melted it down.

A Philadelphia paper asks "why not have a Lexow Committee?" The presumable reason probably is that the Republican hustlers who have been running that city so long, enjoying the fame and perquisites they have won, don't care to be pestered by the questions that meddlesome people might ask as to the whenceness of their accumulated lucre.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania has appropriated $100,000 for the printing and distribution of a book on birds, and now it is proposed to follow this up by equipping every public school in the State with 350 photographic illustrations, at an estimated cost of $300,000, so that the little chips may cultivate acquaintance with the birds without climbing trees and robbing nests.

The Rothschild family is said to be wearing out at the head, and that there is only one of them who is really competent to manage their business. The combined wealth of the family is $2,000,000,000. Two of the younger members of the family have committed suicide and a third has tried to. This justifies the inference that when a man accumulates more than two or three hundred millions he doesn't find much solid comfort in his money.

Chicago people have a splendid opportunity to get out of that town, as competiton between the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe Railroads has reduced the fare to San Francisco to $5.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I. H. WEIL—Removal.
A. C. L.—Change schedule.
A. D. BROWN—Bright days.
JAS. D. NUTT—Open all day.
HEINSBERGER—Blank books.
RACKET STORE—Dry goods.
D. L. GORE—Rust-proof oats.
W. B. COOPER—To truckers.
THE Atlantic National Bank.
D. MURPHY—Horses and mules.
STEDMAN & WORTH—Insurance.
J. A. SPRINGER—Coal by steamer.
N. Y. & W. S. S. Co.—Sailing days.
WILMINGTON Savings & Trust Co.
J. H. REHDER & Co.—Woman's vanity
KATZ & POLVOGT—Something special
W. E. SPRINGER & Co.—Hardware.
J. HICKS BUNTING—Are you afflicted.
G. R. FRENCH & SON—Watch the lady

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—Agents.
JNO. W. KING—Upholstering.
P. H. HAYDEN—Buggies, harness.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Mr. S. H. Fishblate is putting in large glass windows and otherwise overhauling and beautifying his store.

— An entertainment will be given at the Union School Hall to-morrow night by the pupils, which promises to be a very pleasant affair.

— The auction sale of horses at Southerland's stables was postponed yesterday on account of rain. It will be held Tuesday morning.

— Mr. I. H. Weil has removed his stock of hats to the store corner of Front and Princess streets, formerly occupied by Mr. I. Shrier.

— The fish market yesterday afternoon was filled with shad, retailing at fifty cents per pair for bucks. Roe shad are scarce, as yet, and sell at $1.00 per pair.

— The Weather Bureau yesterday gave notice that a cold wave was approaching; that the temperature would fall to about forty degrees by Sunday morning.

— Extensive improvements are being made by the city hands at the intersection of Fifth and Dock streets. The street is being cut down to some extent and the sidewalks improved.

— Zeb. Vance Division will turn out in full uniform this afternoon, assembling at the Armory at 2.30 o'clock, and act as escort to the members of the Order, marching to the Seamen's Bethel, where Dr. Carmichael will preach a sermon to them by invitation.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. E. F. Gordon, of Southport, was a caller at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. H. R. Savage has accepted a position with the Jno. L. Boatwright Company.

— Miss Pearl Wescott, who has been visiting at Southport, has returned to the city.

— Mr. Will Dock, son of Mr. C. H. Dock, of Bolton, N. C., is in the city visiting friends.

— Hon. Jas. A. Lockhart, of Wadesboro, N. C., was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. J. M. McGowan was able to to be out yesterday, after being confined to his home for two weeks.

— Mr. C. W. Polvogt, of the firm of Katz & Polvogt, is in New York making purchases for the Spring trade.

— Miss Nellie Bullock and Miss Nation of New York, who are visiting the family of Mr. C. C. Livingston, the STAR regrets to learn are reported quite sick.

— Mr. J. J. Long, Columbus county; D. E, Smith, Mount Olive; D. G. Pickard, Fayetteville; J. F. Maloney, North Carolina; Jas. R. Laurenell, Wadesboro, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Jno. W. King, who has been with Mr. T. C. Craft for several years as repairer and upholsterer, has embarked in business for himself at No. 5 South Second street. He is well known and deserving, and will no doubt do well in his new venture.

Funeral of the Late Jas. F. Perry.

The funeral of the late Jas. F. Perry, editor of the *Dispatch*, took place yesterday morning. The services were conducted at the First Baptist Church by the pastor, Rev. W. B. Oliver, and the interment was in Oakdale. The pallbearers were Messrs. W. H. Alderman, T. E. Davis, W. C. Peterson, J. S. Hooper, W. L. DeRosset, Jr., and A. O. McEachern.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—91 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 40 bbls rosin, 33 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—35 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 45 bbls rosin, 56 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—111 bales cotton, 80 casks spirits turpentine, 221 bbls rosin, 88 bbls tar.

Schooner Rice—70 bbls rosin.

Total receipts.—Cotton, 227 bales, spirits turpentine, 90 casks; rosin, 376 bbls; tar, 127 bbls.

Special sale of Dress Goods at Davis & Zoeller's. Monday. †

[For the Star.

"WILMINGTON IN THE FORTIES."

I have read with much interest the articles appearing in the *Messenger* under the above caption, and the mention of Mr. Loring's name in the last issue in connection with various newspapers published here, recalls an incident of his life while he was a resident of Wilmington which is not, I apprehend, familiar to many of the present generation. Let me say, however, that after he had disposed of his paper here he purchased the Raleigh *Standard*, then owned and edited by Phil. White, and assumed control of its columns. The *Standard* was the organ of the Democratic party in North Carolina, and its influence was very great in that organization. Mr. Loring improved the paper vastly and increased its circulation and influence by the manner in which he conducted it, for he was well posted on the politics of the country and was a vigorous and forceful writer. He continued to control it for some years, but some time in the forties a difference arose between him and some of the leaders of his party which could not be healed, and he disposed of the paper to the late W. W. Holden and retired from its management. He was a short man but remarkably stout, and would weigh I should suppose about two hundred and fifty pounds. He had a magnificent voice, deep-toned, full and sonorous, and as a member of the old Thalian Association used frequently to appear upon the stage of the old theatre in amateur theatricals. He bore a striking resemblance to the elder Booth (Junius Brutus) and in the character of Richard the Third would have divided honors with great actors. He had a similar weakness in his younger days to the one in which that eminent tragedian indulged though it was never carried to such an excess and was entirely given up as he became older.

It is remembered that on one occasion while rendering a very spirited representation of Richard, in fact, so spirited that the orchestra, which consisted of but two musicians—old Henry Sampson and Philip Bazadere, who used to torture the violin excrutiatingly—became so nervous, in fact so frightened, that they could scarcely keep their seats, for he seemed to play directly at them and to hurl his denunciations upon their heads alone. The climax came in the tent scene when the ghosts of those he had murdered appeared to him in his sleep and upbraided him for the crimes of which he had been guilty; and when he started up from his restless slumber, sword in hand, and rushed to the front of the stage in an agony of terror, he made one sweep of his glittering weapon and decapitated more than half of the foot-lights, which cousisted of the ordinary tallow candle, as it was long before the era of kerosene or gas. There is a limit to human endurance, and that limit was then reached by the two musicians, for in a twinkling two pairs of heels were for a moment visible in the air, as both fiddlers cleared the railing around the orchestra and rushed hatless from the building without pausing to cast one longing, lingering look behind.

During their absence a wag, the late M. London, Esq., who was enjoying the fun, quickly smeared the bows of their violins with one of the tallow candles which the irate tragedian had chopped off, and when the musicians returned, which they soon did, and resumed their seats he commenced to yell, "music!" "music!" in which the entire audience uproariously joined. They seized their instruments and drew the bows fiercely across the strings, but no sound followed—they were as mute as "the harp that once through Tara's halls the soul of music shed." Again they made the attempt, and with a like result—silence only, and "nothing more;" but examining into the cause of their utter failure to make "concord of sweet sounds," the practical joke that had been played upon them was plainly manifest. Without a word or even an exclamation, they gathered up their instruments and marched off with great dignity of manner, but with an expression of the most intense disgust depicted upon their countenances, and there was no more music to entertain the performance that evening.

Mr. Loring, subsequent to his retirement from the *Standard*, embarked in several newspaper enterprises, but was not successful in any way. He finally located in Goldsboro, where he edited a small weekly paper, and there he died, at quite an advanced age and in straightened circumstances. When he controlled the *Standard* he was certainly a power in the politics of the State. He was a strong partisan and very bitter at times against his political opponents, but he became more conservative as age crept upon him, and those heated controverses in which he so frequently indulged are of the past now, and have long since been forgotten. SENEX.

S. A. L. Boycott.

The Charlotte *News*, Friday, says: "The boycott on the Seaboard Air Line road by the Southern Passenger and Steamship Association goes on to-day. The injunction secured against the W. & C., at Atlanta, makes the boycott at that terminal point amount to nothing for the time being, but at Charlotte, Wilmington, Raleigh and other points, the boycott will be in force. The Seaboard Air Line officials do not appear to be at all disturbed over the prospect.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Mar. 3.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 68°; 8 p. m., 48°; maximum, 72°; minimum, 48°; mean, 56.

Rainfall for the day .39; rainfall for the month up to date .29 inches.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair, preceded by rain in the eastern portion in the early morning; colder in the southern portion; north winds.

For South Carolina—Fair and colder Sunday, with northwest winds.

All Gents' and Ladies' Underwear at Davis & Zoeller's. †

The Improved No. 9.

Katz & Polvogt have opened up their machine department on the second floor of their establishment, No. 116 Market street. They have just opened 100 New Improved No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines. This is unquestionably the best machine in the world, and with the advantage of buying them on the terms Katz & Polvogt are offering them, everybody should have one—i. e., ten dollars the first payment, and three dollars, payable monthly, each subsequent payment.

The New No. 9 can be run with a single strand of cotton thread, which shows how light running the machine is. Leave your orders for a machine at Katz & Polvogt's.

Great leaders in Dry Goods to-morrow, at Davis & Zoeller's. †

STATE LEGISLATURE.

THE ELECTION LAW PASSED BY THE SENATE.

No Material Amendments—Bill Passed for a State Reformatory for Young Criminals—House Engaged in Consideration of the Revenue Bill.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 2.

SENATE.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock a m by President Doughton and prayer was offered by Mr Ammons, of the Senate. The journal was read and approved.

Mr Forbes introduced a bill to protect warehousemen.

Mr Norris, a bill to incorporate the Mechanics' Dime Savings Bank.

Mr Green, a bill to create Roanoke township in Halifax county.

Mr Bellamy, a bill to levy a special tax in Nash county to pay county indebtedness.

Bill to authorize the building of a jail in Alexander county passed third reading.

Mr Mewborne introduced a bill providing that no person shall be eligible to more than two consecutive terms of office as Clerk of Court, Register of Deeds and Treasurer.

Bill to allow the levy of a special tax in Sampson county passed second reading.

Mr Adams introduced a bill to amend the laws of 1893 in regard to branch roads of the Aberdeen and West End Railroad.

Bill to incorporate the Warwick High School, Craven county, passed third reading.

Bill to allow the Commissioners of Leaksville to issue town bonds passed third reading.

Bill to incorporate the Pilot Bank and Trust Company, of Pilot Mountain, passed third reading.

Bill providing for the appointment of a cotton weigher for Wake county passed second reading.

Bill to levy a special tax in Graham county to build a court house passed third reading.

Bill to authorize Moore county to fund the county indebtedness passed third reading.

Bill to provide for the alternative method of constructing the public roads in Buncombe county passed third reading.

Bill to regulate the probate of deeds passed third reading.

SCOTLAND COUNTY.

The bill to create the county of Scotland came up and was unfavorably reported by the committee. There was an accompanying minority report in favor of the bill. Mr Moody moved to postpone the bill till next Tuesday. By consent the bill was allowed to pass second reading, and is to come up on third reading next Tuesday.

Bill to allow special elections in Cleveland county on the question of the manufacture of liquor passed third reading.

Bill for the relief of the Wilson Graded School passed third reading.

Bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Fayetteville passed third reading.

Bill to authorize the entering of certain lands in Hertford county passed third reading.

Bill to amend the insurance laws of North Carolina came up and was made the special order for Monday.

Bill providing for revising and digesting the public laws of this State passed second reading.

Bill to amend the charter of the town of Jonesboro passed second reading.

Bill to amend the charter of the town of Sanford passed second reading.

Bill to incorporate the Cora Manufacturing Company passed third reading.

Bill for the support of the white Agricultural and Mechanical College, appropriating $10,000 annually, passed third reading.

Bill appropriating $5,000 annually to colored A. & M. College at Greensboro passed third reading.

Bill to allow the people of Mt Airy to vote on the question of local option was laid upon the table, having been amended so as to make it unsatisfactory to its friends.

Mr Paddison introduced a bill to abolish free tuition at the University.

At 12 o'clock the election law was taken up on its third reading as the special order. Mr Adams offered an amendment providing that the Prohibitionists shall be represented among the poll holders and registrars. The amendment was defeated,

Mr Dowd offered an amendment providing that the Fusionists shall be considered as only one party and have representation among the poll holders and registrars as such. The ayes and noes were called and the amendment was defeated by a vote of 5 to 39.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House met at 10 o'clock, the Speaker in the chair, and prayer by Rev Mr Woodard, of the House.

Mr Abbott presented a petition of citizens of Beaufort county asking for a dredge law.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

Mr Ewart, resolution of thanks to Jno McDuffy, a clerk of this House, for a well-prepared record of bills and resolutions.

Also, resolutiod that no bills shall be introduced after March 6th.

Mr Brown, bill to amend chapter 142, Laws of 1891.

Mr McKenzie, bill to incorporate Providence M E Church, Rowan county.

Mr Howard (by request), bill providing for the salaries of teachers in the public schools.

Mr Baker, bill to protect landlords.

Mr Cox, bill to change the name of Ayden, Pitt county.

Mr King, bill to incorporate the Tennessee River Improvement Company.

Mr Spells, bill to prevent inmates of the Soldiers' Home from drawing pensions.

Mr French, bill for the relief of the Treasurer of New Hanover county.

Mr Drew, bill to incorporate Atlantic Lodge No 43, Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Mr Monroe, bill to unite the W L Saunders Society and the N C Historical Society.

Mr Crumpler, bill to incorporate the town of Hobtown.

Mr Hooker, bill to prohibit sale of liquor in the town of Aurora.

Mr Norment, bill to charter the bank of Lumberton.

Mr Bagwell (by request), bill in regard to fishing in Swift Creek, Wake county.

Mr Bean, bill to prevent sale of liquor near Giles Church, Randolph county.

Mr Hunter, bill to authorize the sheriff of Madison county to exercise control over convicts.

Mr Ewart (by request), bill for the relief of C H Stanback.

After the morning hour the House resumed consideration of the machinery act and continued upon it at length, voting down all amendments.

BILLS FROM STANDING COMMITTEES.

Bill to amend section 2238 of the Code. Relates to the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institution. Favorable.

Bill for the maintenance of the penitentiary. Favorable.

Bill for the support of the public schools. Favorable.

Bill for the maintenance of Eastern Hospital. Favorable.

Bill for the support of the deaf and dumb Asylum at Morganton. Favorable.

Bill to amend the banking laws of North Carolina. Favorable.

Bill to prevent from teaching in public schools persons convicted of infamous crimes, etc. Favorable.

Bill to establish a normal school in Elizabeth City. Favorable.

Bill to establish a normal school in Warsaw. Favorable.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The Senate passed the Election law on third reading, no material amendments being adopted.

The Senate also passed upon third reading a bill providing for a State reformatory for young criminals, and appropriating $35,000 for its establishment and $10,000 per annum for its maintenance.

PROTEST AND APPEAL.

Citizens of Wilmington Meet to Protest Against the Proposed Change in City Government and Appoint a Committee to Visit Raleigh and Appeal to the Legislature.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the most intelligent and representative citizens of Wilmington assembled in the City Court room last night for the purpose of taking action to prevent proposed amendments to the City Charter by the State Legislature.

The meeting was called to order by Col. T. W. Strange, and upon motion Mr. D. G. Worth was made Chairman and Mr. A. J. Marshall requested to act as Secretary.

Mr. J. C. Stevenson stated the object of the meeting.

Very enthusiastic speeches were made by gentlemen in the audience, and upon motion of C. E. Borden, the chairman appointed Messrs. Borden, Stevenson and Strange a committee to retire and draft resolutions, and report as quickly as possible.

During the absence of the committee the meeting was addressed by Mr. Sol. Bear, who made some very instructive remarks.

The committee returned and presented the following resolutions, which were adopted, viz:

WHEREAS, We the citizens of Wilmington, in meeting assembled, believe that the material interests of our city are seriously imperrilled by legislation now pending in the Legislature looking to the amendment of our city charter; and whereas, we are led to believe that the Legislature of North Carolina will not enact such legislation if it has a proper understanding of the nature and purpose of the same and the motives of those who are promoting it; therefore be it

Resolved, 1st. That the proposed bill is demanded by no public interest, would be a serious blow to the credit of the city, just at the time when she is about to fund her floating debt, would take control of its affairs out of the hands of the white people and tax payers, and put us at the mercy of those who are least interested in the material development of our city.

2nd. That it is solely in the interest of notoriously unscrupulous and incompetent office seekers.

Now therefore, we petition your honorable body not to pass the bill now pending or any other affecting our present charter.

Upon motion the chairman appointed Messrs. Roger Moore, Walker Taylor, J. C. Stevenson, T. D. Meares and C. E. Borden a committee to go to Raleigh at once, present the above resolutions, and do all in their power to prevent a change of the present charter.

CATHERINE KENNEDY HOME

This communication addressed to those who have so generously subscribed towards securing the Princess street property for the use of the above named charity, conveys words of thanks and gratulation that their generosity has put the management of the Home in a position which almost secures the purchase of this most desirable and appropriate dwelling. Although comparatively few have subscribed, yet the Society is almost in a position to secure the property. Shall this dearly cherished and wise effort of the ladies in charge of the Home fail for the want of $500.00?

Will not the general public come at once to the rescue and supply the deficiency?

If every one will do what they can just now, the purchase of the property will be an assured fact.

Do not let this much needed charity in our midst fail, when by raising so small a sum the beneficent and permanent end of much labor will have been secured.

People of Wilmington! Think of that beloved person whose name this charity bears, and who labored so long and faithfully among you, not only in the general benevolent work of the town, but for this especial object. For years it was her hope and wish to do the work her successors are trying now to do. This Home is to be a lasting and grateful memorial for all she did and all she was, and this fact is coupled with the other palpable fact that it is to be a permanent, beneficent and acceptable charity in this community. Will you not make one strong effort in this emergency? Send in your subscriptions as quickly and generously as you can.

A NOBLE CHARITY.

Mr. W. H. Bernard, Editor Star:

DEAR SIR—A citizen of Wilmington, who has been informed that five hundred dollars additional subscription will enable the Ladies' Benevolent Society to secure the property desired for the Catharine Kennedy Home, authorizes me to say that he will contribute one hundred dollars, if the remainder is raised by next Saturday.

Will you kindly insert this and aid this noble charity? Yours,

ROGER MOORE.

Base Ball.

Several citizens are agitating the organization of a first-class base ball team this Summer—partly professionals—and to form a State League, so as to guarantee visiting teams. They propose to fix up the old Seaside grounds. The management will be in charge of a stock company.

COAST LINE CHANGES.

The New Division Agent at the Northeastern Railroad Headquarters.

Assistant Traffic Manager H. M. Emerson, of the Atlantic Coast Line system, was in the city yesterday on business. A few days ago the *News and Courier* announced that the Coast Line had determined to establish in this city a division freight and passenger agency, and that Mr. J. M. Morris, formerly freight agent at the Charleston station, had been appointed to the new office.

The order creating the department went into effect yesterday, and it was in this connection that Mr. Emerson came down to the city. He said that the Coast Line had long felt that the Charleston people would be better satisfied if the system would establish a division of its headquarters here. He was confident that the appointment of Mr. Morris as division freight and passenger agent was one which would give general satisfaction.

At the Northeastern Road's general freight office yesterday the officials formally entered upon the discharge of their new duties. Mr. Morris became division freight and passenger agent, Mr. West succeeded Mr. Morris in the freight office as agent, and Mr. Grenneker became the soliciting agent of the Coast Line in Charleston.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BRIGHT DAYS.

BRIGHTER DAYS BRI NG BRIGHTER IDEAS.

The dry goods business is full of point of view, for artists have ex grand possibilities from an artistic in producing novel and exquisite pended their genius with lavish hand

Spring of '95.

Read this Week's Offer ings to the Retail Trade.

Special.
All Silk Fashions; Latest Conceptions.
Delicate and dainty color effects, and exact reproduction of this season's high-price Parisian Novelties.
Taffeta Plisse, 60 & 65c.

We have four and five-inch Black Ribbons for Crush Collars and Belts.

Special.
60 in. Cravanette
Waterproof and will not spot, unequalled for skirts, and very thing for Coast wear.
$1.50 per Yard.

We have lovely carved Pearl Buttons, in clear white for Trimming in white, light blue, pale green, tan or pink pique suits.

Special
Those laces we have been telling you about are here in good variety, cheaper and more beautiful than hitherto shown.

We have full Butterfly Neck Ties of Black Satin for men, and the advanced women who advocate men's ties.

Special.
A special line of Henriettas, Serges and Granites in all colors and in black.

A. D. RODDICK'S,
No. 9 North Front Street.

Removal.

I Have removed my stock of Hats and Furnishing Goods to the commodious store southeast corner of Front and Princess streets, recently occupied by Mr. I. Shrier, where I will be pleased to show the newest and latest and cheapest things in Spring wear for Gentlemen, Youths and Boys.

Respectfully,
I. H. WEIL.
mar 3 1t

Special Announcement.

THE undersigned hereby announce their association in the Insurance business, under the firm-name of

Joseph D. Smith & C. H. Robinson, Jr.

By this union we have increased our facilities for placing large lines of insurance, and all parties desiring insurance would do well to call on us before going elsewhere.

We take this opportunity of thanking our customers for past favors, and intend, by strict attention to our business and their interest, to merit a continuance of the same. Also hope to receive a fair share of new business. JOSEPH D. SMITH.
C. H. ROBINSON, Jr.

Office 17 Princess street—Joseph D. Smith's old stand. Telephone No. 102. mar 1 2t fri su

Open All Day to-day, Sunday, March 3d, '95.

Personal attention to all prescription work entrusted to my care—"Not only for to-day, but for all time."

JAS. D. NUTT,
The Druggist.
ma 1 tf

Just Arrived.

MR. D. MURPHY, of Washington, D. C., has just arrived with a car load of Virginia

Horses, Mares and Mules,

And the stock is now ready for inspection. Special attention is called to one fine combination horse.

Public Sale will take place Tuesday, March 5th, at 12 o'clock, at Southerland's Stables, but private sales will be made to any who wish to purchase before the public sale.

Stock all warranted to give satisfaction or money will be refunded. march 3 2t

Blank Books.

We have received a large stock of Blank Books of all kinds. Paper and Envelopes, fine Box Papers, Visiting Cards with Envelopes to match. Paper Tablets, in Letter, Note and Octavo size, with Envelopes to match, &c. Please remember when you need anything in our line to call on

HEINSBERGER'S
Live Book and Music Store.
mar 3 tf

D. O'Connor,
REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwelling for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash advanced on improved city real estate
june 24 tf

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Northwest Storm.

A dispatch was received at the Signal station here yesterday morning from the Chief of the Weather Bureau, Washington, D. C., as follows:

Hoist northwest storm signals 10.00 a. m., at Savannah, Savannah section, Charleston, Wilmington, Wilmington section, Morehead, Washington, Norfolk, Norfolk section, Newport News, West Point, Baltimore.

Storm central in North Carolina, moving northeast, will probably cause dangerous gales on the Atlantic coast to-night.

The New Stock Company.

The Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company wrote the thousand dollars of insurance yesterday on properties of the very best character in this city. The agency has only been established here seven days, and satisfactory work for an entire month has already been accomplished. We have a thrifty community when a good thing is presented, our people take hold, and when sound insurance can be obtained at market rates with an assured prospect of a liberal return of premium, it is literally a mutual concern, in fact rather a family affair, all parties interested.—*Charlotte News.*

[Greater bargains than ever at Davis & Zoeller's, to-morrow, bargain day. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Southern Stock
Mutual Insurance Co.,
OF
Greensboro, N. C.

Offers Cheaper Fire Insurance,

By making every policy-holder a sharer in the profits of the Company. All profits except a reserve of ten per cent. are returned to the policy-holders.

Capital, $100,000.00.

Subscribed by twenty capitalists, whose names represent over FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

Policy-Holders are Non-Assessable.

DIRECTORS.

L. Banks Holt,	Bennehan Cameron
A. F. Page,	Thos. H. Holt,
J. S. Carr,	Sam'l McD. Tate,
D. G. Worth,	Lawrence S. Holt,
Donald McRae,	J. S. Spencer,
E. D. Latta,	Wm. E. Holt,
Edwin Shaver,	James P. Sawyer,
F. J. Murdock,	J. W. Scott,
L. M. Scott,	J. VanLindley,
E. P. Wharton,	J. M. Worth.

OFFICERS.

J. M. Worth, President.
E. P. Wharton, Vice-President.
A. W. McAllister, Sec. & Treas.

When your policy expires see that it is renewed in the Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company.

STEDMAN & WORTH, Agents,
Wilmington, N. C.

feb 16 1m

Rust-Proof Oats & Seed Potatoes.

63 bbls. E. R. POTATOES for seed.
864 bags PEANUTS, all grades.
1299 bbls. Flour.
1469 bags Flour.
1400 bushels R. P. Oats.
30,000 lbs. D. S. Sides.
142 bbls. Molasses, all grades.
1399 Kegs Nails.

And lots of other goods at lowest market price, such as Meal, Canned Goods, Syrup, Hay, Hoop Iron, Tobacco, Snuff and Lye.

Send your orders to
D. L. GORE.
mar 1 D&W tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 75 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

—A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements a dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MAR. 3, 1895

"SOUND MONEY."

The organs of the money power in this country declare that the party which stands most unwaveringly by sound money will be the party that will be successful. Eastern Republicans warn their party against coquetting with or yielding in the slightest degree to the silver Republicans of the West, while the Eastern Democrats are equally zealous in warning the Democratic party against lending an ear to the demands of the silver Democrats of the West. They both declare that the great rich States of the Union, taking in the section north of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi, including, perhaps, one or two States on the other side of the Mississippi, will ignore party lines on that, and stand solidly for "sound money," and support the party which stands up most uncompromisingly for it.

The question arises right here; what *is* sound money, or what do they mean by it? According to the general acceptation that is sound money which passes current from hand to hand, pays the wages of labor, pays for what we buy from one another, and the debts we owe. That is sound money in the full sense of the word, as the people understand it, whether it be composed of paper, silver or gold.

But the clamorers for "sound money" mean more than that. They mean that only one kind of money shall be recognized as sound money, and that is the money which is the scarcest, the hardest to get, and so precious in their sight that very little of it is permitted to circulate among the people, but is kept hoarded in the vaults of the banks. The money that is sound enough for 65,000,000 of people, which they willingly accept for their labor or for the products of their labor, is not good enough for the sound money champions, who insist upon something better and more aristocratic, so to speak.

Their sound money is made of yellow metal which being comparatively scarce can be controlled and have its price fixed by a comparatively small number of men in both hemispheres. They can lock it up or turn it loose as they see fit and thus control the price of every piece of coin of that metal and also of everything that is bought with it. The value of every other kind of money, and of everything which is sold for money is regulated by the value they put upon the yellow coin, and thus they control not only the money of the world, but the markets of the world, the commerce of the world, the labor of the world, and their power is felt not only in the palace of the money changer, but in the humble cot of the wage-earner, and in the home of the bread and meat-producer, whose acres help to feed the world and make the bulk of its commerce. The sound money which they contend for is the money which can be the most easily controlled and manipulated by the few, who always control and manipulate it in their own interests.

There is to day and has been for years a growing protest coming from the masses in this country and in Europe against this narrow construction of sound money, this one-metal gauge of the value of all other money, which has enabled a few very rich men to control the treasuries of nations and to some extent control the destinies of these nations. These money kings are in one sense monarchs of nations and exert a more world-wide power than any nation under the sun. The world is beginning to protest, we say, against this selfish, narrow construction of "sound money" which gives the money kings supreme power and makes the world tributary to them.

Germany and Great Britain are two of the nations which put silver down and put gold up and did it at the command of the money-lenders who were mighty enough to control Parliaments and kings. These same money-lenders and associates put silver down and gold up in this country because they were mighty enough to control Congresses and Presidents The world has suffered by the selfish degradation of its greatest and most universal money metal, and hence the efforts that have been from time to time made in Europe within the past few years to get the Governments to restore silver to its rightful place in the monetary systems of the countries which had degraded it. This is the object of the monetary conference favored by the German Reichstag and by the British House of Commons in the resolution passed a few days ago.

Reduced to its essence all this contention about sound money by the money kings and their spokesmen is simply to keep the control of the money of the world in the hands of the few by practically declaring that there shall be but one kind of money, by which all other forms of currency which are permitted to perform any of the functions of money shall have their values fixed. That's what it means, and the contest over it is a contest between the millions who toil and the millions who borrow with the few who toil not, but grow rich and richer out of the interest on the money they lend.

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Senator Manderson, of Nebraska, in the amendment to the General Deficiency bill offered by him Friday, struck at an abuse which ought to have been abated long ago and the surprising thing is that it has been tolerated at all, or at least without an emphatic protest. We do not know how many Senators or Representatives have their wives, daughters, sons, cousins, &c., on the pay-rolls but they are numerous enough to make this thing a scandal of which any respectable body of Legislators ought to be ashamed. The fact that the abuse has prevailed so long, and that so many indulge in it, is neither a palliation nor a justification. This nepotism goes farther than the Senate or House for it is carried into nearly all the departments of the Government, where those in control think it all right to do what the bodies entrusted with the making of the laws do, whether they think it right or not. How can any Senator or Representative condemn nepotism when he practices it and reaps the benefit of it? It is not only scandalous, but it is a shameless plunder of the people, for in many cases, and perhaps in a majority of them, the money paid to the relatives of Senators and Representatives is not earned, and is practically money given for nothing. This may and doubtless will account for the bills presented at the end of nearly every term of Congress to allow extra pay to the employes of both Houses, similar to the bill passed several days ago, which will distribute $150,000 among them.

MINOR MENTION.

S. Otho Wilson, of Wake county, is a candidate for Railroad Commissioner to succeed Hon. Thos. W. Mason. If there are any of the leading Fusionists who have not reached out for a share of the spoils since the combine triumphed, they have not been discovered. It is said that Marion Butler and others on the Populist side of the combine are becoming dissatisfied with the general run of things at Raleigh, and are coming to the conclusion that the Republicans are doing too much in fixing up the general legislation for the State and are getting the biggest slices of pie. A Populist caucus was held Thursday night, at which, according to the report as published in Friday's *News and Observer*, it was resolved to hold no more joint caucuses. As showing the spirit of the caucus, the *News and Observer* makes the following reference to Marion Butler's speech:

"The Senator spoke with emphasis, saying that he did not favor the creation of offices for men (referring to the fluke that had been made in roosting Ewart so high); that there must be at once the passage of the Code Commission bill (and general opinion put down as two, Spier Whitaker and Guthrie); that the Populists must be protected against the negro danger in the rechartering of Eastern cities; that the geological survey must stand as it is (Butler said this before, last week in a caucus speech); that the election law must undergo radical changes before becoming a law; that the distinctive policies of the Populists must be maintained, and that they must remain Populists.

"It was not concealed that Butler has felt much humiliated over the failure of his cumulation to cumulate, but he took the compromise of the two extra commissioners to be appointed by the amended bill of yesterday, as the nearest way out of the muddle. But thus far and no farther is the slogan now. Russell yesterday morning sent for a *News and Observer* between 4 and 5 o'clock which he knew would contain (as it did) full particulars of Wednesday night's caucus, and read it with anger. He waltzed around yesterday in a kind of vicious, ghost dance, shouting all kinds of Indian terms to help the conspiracy against Judge Meares and his criminal circuit, finishing off the afternoon in a vain three-hours closet bout with Butler, trying in desperation to change the course of things. But he retired baffled. This is settled BEYOND ALL DOUBT NOW. Last night it was tacitly agreed among the members of the caucus that the Railroad Commissioner SHALL be a Populist."

We do not attach much importance to these reports, for they may be simply a bluff to bring the Republican side of the combine to time, but still they show that the Populist side, which has felt especially sore since that Douglass business, is very far from being satisfied with the Republican manipulation at Raleigh.

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The figuring in the Treasury of the United States is beyond the comprehension of the ordinary mortal, but it must be understood that a good deal of that figuring is based on speculation, on what may be more than on what is. While figures have been presented to show a probable comfortable surplus at the end of the next fiscal year the figures of actual receipts and expenditures for two thirds of the present fiscal year show that the latter exceed the former by $36,295,000. What reason is there to believe that the difference will be overcome and that the Treasury will get even much less have a surplus at the end of the next fiscal year? Germany and France are warring against American meats and Germany is imposing retaliatory duties on other American imports, while England, Germany and other wheat-importing countries are buying less wheat from us and more from Argentina. This means a reduction of our trade, and of course a reduction of imports from these countries, and that means a corresponding reduction of revenue from that source. Business may and probably will pick up some, but even with the realization of all that can be reasonably expected the outlook is not very promising for a flowing treasury for some time to come.

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CURRENT COMMENT.

— Senator Ransom, after twenty-five years' service in the Senate, goes to Mexico. There would be no filibustering by the people against their departure if about three-fourths of Mr. Ransom's senatorial colleagues would go to Mexico, or even a hotter country.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

— The refusal of the House to include in the General Deficiency bill the sum of $425,000 to pay England's sealskin bill is equivalent to a declaration that Brother Jonothan is not at home and Brother John will please call again. The Bering Sea tribunal was a "bad bargain," as Mr. Sherman would say; but it must be kept, and making wry faces won't mend the matter.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

— The passage by the Senate of the amendments to the Sundry Civil bill providing for the payment of the sugar bounties is as indefensible an act as the present incompetent and reckless Congress has committed. It was stated during the debate on the amendments that the sum to be thus taken from the Treasury would be from $5,000,000 to $8,000,000. Whether the amount be the greater or the lesser one, it will be taken out of the pockets of the consumers of sugar to put into the pockets of the growers of sugar; it will be a tax levied upon and collected from the mass of the people for the sole benefit of the few planters.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Jonesboro *Journal*: The gin house, cotton press, crib and two or three out-buildings belonging to Mrs. A. C. Bryan, who lives midway from here to Sanford, was destroyed by fire last night. The origin of the fire is thought to be accidental.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Mr. Jack Ramsay died at his home in New Salem township on the 23ad inst., at the age of four-score years. —— Mr. Lewis Rivers, of White Store township, Anson county, died suddenly on the 21st inst., at the advanced age of 83 years.

— Salisbury *Herald*: A cutting, that came dangerously near being fatal, occurred at Hutchinson's distillery, in the upper part of the county, late Saturday afternoon. The cutting was done by Alf Jurney, the victim being Bomar Childress, both parties being white.

— Statesville *Landmark*: The Statesville cotton mill is running regularly and 70,000 yards of its product have been put upon the market. One hundred and ten looms are in operation, giving employment to fifty-three hands. It is expected to have all the 180 looms running in two or three weeks. In a few months the spindles will be put in and these, with the additional looms will give employment to a large number of people.

— Concord *Times*: A man on horseback rode up to the pavement in front of the furniture store yesterday and began singing. He soon attracted a crowd, and then he opened a Bible and began preaching. He preached about 15 minutes, sang another song, and departed as quietly as he came. No one knows who he is. It is said that he was tramping and preaching as he went, wherever he could get listeners, and when he got to Danville some one (Evangelist Schoolfield, is is said) gave him a horse and saddle. He said he was going to the mountains to take the gospel to those who would not come to it. He was a young man.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: A most distressing affair was the death of Mr Ed. DeBerry. He was killed Saturday morning by shooting himself in the head with a double-barrel breach-loading shot gun. Whether he did it intentionally or accidentally, is not known. He spoke of going to knock down cotton stalks and told his daughters, Hattie and Laura, that he'd take his gun and might kill them a bird. He then stepped out, the gun fired, and on running out the poor girls found their father lying on the frozen ground his head from his ears up, completely shot off—blood, brains and even the handkerchief he wore in his hat were blown up against and sticking to the side of the house. —— The store of C. L. Frederick & Co., at Lilesville, was robbed last Friday night. A lot of shoes, hats, clothing, &c., were stolen. One of the burglars, Will Bennet, colored, was arrested Sunday. Bennet had on a suit of the stolen clothing when apprehended. He says that John Price and Henry Johnson, both colored, were also engaged in the robbery. Price and Johnson have not yet been arrested. Bennet is now in jail.

TWINKLINGS

— 'If anybody iver catches me strokin'," said Mr. Dolan, "'twill be when Oi'm out av employmint an' hove nothin' betther to do."—*Washington Star.*

— One of the lessons of life which many people never learn is that it is not necessary to make an ass of oneself merely because one has a magnificent opportunity.—*Puck*

— They say that the Duchess of York is fond of pyrography—that is, engraving with a hot poker. Some fellows in New York have been burned at the same game.—*N. Y. Recorder.*

— Wanted—For lynching purposes, the address of the man who said, several years ago, that the seasons had changed and that there would be no more Winter in this latitude.—*Buffalo Express.*

OVER THE RIVER OF DROOPING EYES.

Over the River of Drooping Eyes
Is the wonderland of Dreams,
Where lilies grow as white as the snow,
And fields are green and warm winds blow,
And the tall reeds quiver, all in a row—
And no one ever cries;
For it's a beautiful place for girls and boys,
Where there's no scolding and lots of noise,
And no lost balls or broken toys—
Over the River of Drooping Eyes
In the beautiful land of Dreams.

Over the River of Drooping Eyes
In the wonderland of Dreams,
There's horns to blow and drums to beat,
And plenty of candy and cakes to eat,
And no one ever cleans their feet.
And no one ever tries
There's plenty of grassy places for play,
And birds and bees, they throng all the day—
Oh, wouldn't you like to go and stay
Over the River of Drooping Eyes
In the beautiful land of Dreams?
—*Philadelphia Times.*

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Govern your own thoughts when alone and your tongue when in company.—*Thomas A. Kempis.*

— We can only have the highest happiness by having wide thoughts and much feeling for the rest of the world as well as for ourselves.—*George Eliot.*

— Some people are posing as martyrs, while in fact they are only suffering for their own sins. They that suffer for righteousness sake are blessed.

— Your trials are great, but they do not surpass the power of God's grace. If you are his child, he is leading you in his own way, and like Abraham, you are oftimes sojourning in a strange land. Through these strange and trying experiences, the Lord is leading you to a better inheritance. Do not falter. The end will be glorious.—*Christian Advocate.*

— "What does the new woman want?" "She doesn't know, but she is going to get it."—*Judge.*

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Sam Jones has become one of the editors of the Tennessee Methodist.

Ignatius Donnelly says he will devote the remainder of his life to literature.

Dr. Henry M. Field, who is over 70 years of age, has been for more than 40 years one of the editors of the New York Evangelist.

Oscar Wilde recently remarked that the easiest way to perpetrate an epigram was to let the other fellow make it and then kill the other fellow.

Ralph Pomeroy, the pioneer of the tobacco raising industry in Wisconsin, died a few days ago. He put in the first crop ever planted in the state in Dane county in 1853.

A. J. Balfour carries neither stick nor umbrella as he travels through the streets of London. He never gets wearied enough to need a cane or wet enough to want a shelter.

A wooden crown was recently sent to Emperor William by a certain Herr Eckermann, who had worked on it for three months. The emperor accepted it and sent him $7.50.

Kossuth's eldest son has put on his father's mantle and returned to Hungary to take up the dead patriot's work on new lines. He says the next revolution will be peaceful.

Mlle. Zelie de Lussan's handwriting would delight a nearsighted reporter. It is a large, free style, in which the letters are big enough to show that economy in writing paper is not one of her weaknesses.

Henri Roch has an income of $80,000 a year, and though he lives with great simplicity in London he is never able to save any money owing to his generosity. He is always ready to help those who deserve it.

Senator Joe Brown of Georgia, who died a short time ago, left an estate estimated all the way from $1,500,000 to $10,000,000, all of which, by the terms of his will, is to be divided equally between his widow and children.

John White of Rhea, Ky., is anxiously looking for some loving creature willing to be his wife. And he is neither too young nor lacking in experience to be trusted with one. He has already outlived six of them, and he is on the shady side of 100 years of age.

The fact that the Italian premier, Crispi, leads a somewhat solitary life and is by nature silent and seclusive has led the court to regard him as a dangerous man. For this reason he has no strong party behind him, though he has many devoted friends.

Unanticipated.

Digler—I courted my wife three years before I got her, and it was nearly all wasted time.

Bigler—Why, isn't she a most excellent woman?

Digler—She is indeed, but I've discovered since that I could have got her in three months if I had had the gumption to ask her.—Detroit Free Press.

Know What He Wanted.

Country Tough—I want a dozen eggs, and I want 'em bad, see.

Grocer (facetiously)—When you say you want them bad, you mean you want them good.

Country Tough—Naw, I don't. I want 'em as bad as yer got. De "Mikado" plays at the town hall tonight, see?—Yonkers Statesman.

Chronic Nervousness

Could Not Sleep, Nervous Headaches.

Gentlemen:—I have been taking your Restorative Nervine for the past three months and I cannot say enough in its praise. It has

Saved My Life,

for I had almost given up hope of ever being well again. I was a chronic sufferer from nervousness and could not sleep. I was also troubled with nervous headache, and had tried doctors in vain, until I used your Nervine. Yours truly,

MRS. M. WOOD, Ringwood, Ill.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Cures.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters 25c. at all druggists. Sold by all Druggists.
june 18 1y D&W tf su wed changedally

OUR YOUNG FOLKS

A STORY FOR VERY LITTLE FOLKS.

Kitty's First Lesson In Sliding on the Ice. How Fred and Will Helped.

It was a winter's day, but Fred and Will did not care for that, for they knew that they would have plenty of sliding. There was a large pond close by their grandfather's house, where numbers of people went to skate and to slide.

"And next year," said Will, "father is going to buy us some skates and teach us to skate."

"Yes," said Fred, "and this year we must have some good slides instead."

So the two little boys were very glad when their mother bade them put on their

THE BOYS SET OUT.

winter jackets and caps, for she was going to let them spend the day at their grandfather's.

"I want you to carry a sponge cake for your grandmother," she said.

So the boys set off, Will with a basket over his arm, and Fred carrying a large umbrella in case of a snowstorm.

Their grandmother was very much pleased to see them, and they gave her the cake that their mother had sent.

They found that a great many people had come to the pond, and there were some capital slides in one part, to which they went off.

Here they found numbers of boys and girls, and among them Mary Ellis and her little sister. Mary could both slide and skate, but today she had brought her little sister Kitty with her, to give her a lesson in sliding.

Poor Kitty had not tried to go on the ice before, and her feet slipped, and it was all she could do to stand upright. Mary held her fast, so that she could not fall, but she found it rather hard work.

So Fred and Will each took one of Kitty's arms and gently pulled her along, while Mary went behind and told Kitty not to be afraid.

"Now, put out your right foot," said Fred, "and slide along upon it. We will hold you fast."

So Kitty slid along and found it much easier than trying to keep upright with only Mary.

And after taking her up and down the slide several times Kitty began to see

MARY HELD HER FAST.

what she had to do, and though she could not go by herself she was not so timid as she had been at first.

"You only want a few more lessons," said Will, "and you will be able to go alone."

"Yes," said Mary, "I think she will, and I thank you and Fred very much for helping me."

Servia's Boy King.

Young Alexander I has annulled the constitution of Servia, which he swore to defend when he became king. Were it not that he has the army well in hand, and is therefore in a position to deal sharply with any revolt, a revolution would be probable.

History furnishes no parallel to the career of Alexander. He became king when he was 13 years old by the abdication of his father in March, 1889. The regents appointed to manage affairs for the young monarch made themselves obnoxious to Alexander, so in April, 1893, he declared himself of age and upset the regency by military force, proclaiming, in defense of his action, that the constitution was in danger.

That was a Napoleonic piece of business for a boy of 17, says Golden Days. He has now abolished the liberal constitution of 1888 and restored that of 1869, which makes the king practically an autocrat.

A Happy Land For Children.

The French have such beautiful proverbs about children that if they were lived up to French children should lead the happiest of lives. One rule for childhood is, "No cares, no fears, no tumult, no strife—all merriment." Another says that "childhood is the holiday of life," and bids parents see to it that it be made such.

The Bee and the Fly.

The Bee went a-courting
My lady, the Fly,
Said the Bee to the lady,
"For you I would die."

Said sweet Lady Fly
As she blushed 'neath her wing,
"I love your soft words,
But I hear that you sting."

Shakespeare and Bacon.

A famous historian well known personally in Boston told the following story when he was asked what he thought of the Shakespeare-Bacon controversy: "I was once librarian in a small town, and it was my custom to catalogue books on the real meaning of Daniel, astrology, modern spiritualism, etc., under the general head 'Insane Literature.' When any volume written in support of the Baconian theory appeared, I catalogued it under the same head."—Boston Journal.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred. Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM
High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE

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RAILROAD TIES.

There are 9,916 miles of railroad in Austria, with 76 different proprietors.

About two-thirds of the railroads of the country do not pay their stockholders anything.

A railroad club has been organized in Chicago. H. C. Tucker of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad is the president.

The eastern hemisphere, on which dwell 92 per cent of the population of the world, has 170,793 miles of railroad, or 46 per cent of all railroads.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois is paralleling the tracks of the Peoria and Eastern so as to have independent access to the coal mines at Oakwood.

With the completion of the street railway line between Lowell and Haverhill, Mass., a line of 42 miles is made, becoming what is claimed to be the longest continuous street railway in the country.

The Buffalo, Attica and Arcade railroad will change its gauge from narrow to standard, permission having been granted by the state railroad commissioners. This will enable the road to enjoy an exchange of rolling stock with all other railroads.

Warned In Time.

"William," said Mrs. Youngwife from the head of the stairs to her husband, who had come home at an early hour in the morning, "there is some of my home-made cake in the pantry, a new kind that I made today. I put it where you can easily find it."

"All right, dear," responded Mr. Youngwife. "How considerate of you! I might have eaten some of it without thinking." And the grateful husband made a supper of cold beef.—Philadelphia Times.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute			6
Standard	7½	@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	9½	@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	6½	@	7
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½	@	
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	30
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	@	25
Northern	22	@	26
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	55
Virginia Meal	55	@	57½
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle		@	70
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb	27	@	29
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	18	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	@	6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	12½	@	14
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
FLOUR—₩ barrel—			
Western, low grade	2 50	@	3 50
" Extra	3 75	@	4 25
" Straight	3 25	@	
Second Patent	3 50	@	
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
City Mills—Super		@	3 50
" " Family	3 25	@	
GLUE—₩ lb	7½	@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		55@	55
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		55@	55
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		55@	55
Corn, mixed, from store		@	60
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	55
Cow Peas		@	90
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	8½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	4½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	6½	@	7
North Carolina	5½	@	6
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER—City retail, ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	26
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" " in bbls		@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds		@	14
" " in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	35	@	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 15
OILS, ₩ gallon—			
Kerosene	10	@	14
Lard		@	65
Linseed	75	@	80
Rosin	15	@	15
Tar		@	30
Deck and Spar		@	25
POULTRY—			
Chickens, Live, grown	19@		23½
" Spring	10	@	20
Turkeys	60	@	1 00
PEANUTS, ₩ bushel 28 lbs	35	@	50
POTATOES, ₩ bushel—			
Sweet	30	@	45
Irish, ₩ barrel	2 50	@	3 00
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess		@18	50
Rump		@	15 00
Prime		@	13 00
RICE—Carolina, ₩ lb	4	@	5
Rough—₩ bushel (Upland)	60	@	70
" (Lowland)	1 00	@	1 10
RAGS, ₩ lb—Country		@	1½
Cuts		@	1
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	12
SALT, ₩ sack—Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	60
a 125-₩ Sack	45	@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Hearts		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granu'd		@	4½
Standard A		@	4½
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4
C, Yellow		@	3½
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@		6
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	5 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	12 00	@	13 00
Mill, Prime	8 00	@	9 50
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	7 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 50	@	4 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	5
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clean of burs	12	@	
Burry	10	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, March 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 30½ cents per gallon.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 00 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 70 for Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	2⅝	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	3⅜	" "
Low Middling	4 9-16	" "
Middling	5	" "
Good Middling	5 5-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	227	bales
Spirits Turpentine	90	casks
Rosin	376	bbls
Tar	197	bbls
Crude Turpentine	00	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 3—Evening—Money on call was nominally 2@3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼ for sixty days and 489 for demand. Commercial bills 487. Government bonds—United States coupon fours 112¼; United States twos 95. State bonds—North Carolina fours 100; North Carolina sixes 126½.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 3—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 5¾c; middling uplands 5¾c.

Futures closed firm, with sales of 47,700 bales; March 5 51@April 5.51c; May 5.55; June 5.57c; July 5.60c; August 5.63; September 5.68, October 5.78c; November 5.77c; December 5 82c.

Net receipts 400 bales; gross receipts 4,698 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,353 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 4,807 bales; forwarded 1,091 bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners — bales; stock (actual) 176,593 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 20,668 bales exports to Great Britain 5,853 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 7,573 bales; stock 956,974 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 30,660 bales; exports to Great Britain 5,853 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 7,573 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,817,364 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,668,538 bales; exports to France 643,895 bales; exports to the Continent 1,768,484 bales.

Flour quiet and steady at quotations; winter wheat, low grades $1 90@$2 30; fair to fancy grades $2 35@3 75, patents $3 80@3 00; Minnesota clear $2 25@2 60; patents $3 25@4 00; low extras $1 90@2 30; Southern flour quiet and steady, common to fair extra $1 90@2 75; good choice do. $2 80@3 25

Wheat—spot dull and ½@¾c lower, with options closing firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 58¼@58¾c; afloat 60@60¼; options moderately active and weak at ½@¾c decline; No. 2 red March 58¼c, May 59¼; July 59¾c. Corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 49@49¼c; afloat 50¾c; options dull, steady at ⅜@½c decline; March 48¾c, May 48¾c; July 49c. Oats—spot dull but steady; options lower; March and May 33¼c; spot—No. 2, 33¼; mixed Western 34@35¼. Hay steady; shipping 50@55c; good to choice 70@75. Wool demand fair and firm; domestic fleece 15@19c, pulled 13@38c. Beef dull; family $9 75@13 00; extra mess $7 50@8 25; beef hams quiet, firm at $16 50@17 00; tierced beef dull; city extra India mess $13 50@14 50. Cut meats fairly active, firm; pickled bellies 5¾c; pickled shoulders 4½@4¾c; pickled hams 7¾@8¼c. middles steady; short clear $5 87½. Lard quiet, easy; Western steam $5 73½ bid; city $5 35@5 87½; March $5 72 nominal; May $5 89, nominal; refined quiet; Continent $7 10; South America $7 50; compound $5 37½@5 50. Pork in fair demand; mess $11 75@13 00. Butter quiet andweak; State dairy 10@20c; State creamery old 12@18c; Western dairy 9@15; do. creamery new 14@21c; old 10@18c; Elgins 31c. Cotton seed oil dull but steady; crude 22c; yellow prime 26c; do choice 30@30½. Petroleum nominal Rice firm and unchanged. Molasses—cbangedun; demand fair. Peanuts quiet Coffee—options barly steady and 10 to 25 points down; May $14 50@14 60; July $14 65@14 75; August $14 55; September and October $14 55@14 50; December $14 50; spot Rio firm and quiet; No. 7, $

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural**. **Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

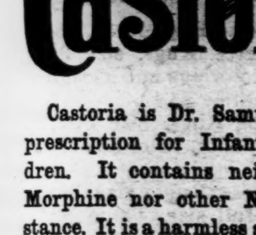
CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

MAGNETIC NERVINE.



Is sold with written guarantee to cure **Nervous Prostration, Fits, Dizziness**, Headache and Neuralgia and Wakefulness, caused by excessive use of Opium Tobacco and Alcohol; Mental Depression, **Softening of the Brain**, causing **Misery, Insanity** and **Death**; Barrenness, Impotency, **Lost Power** in either sex, **Premature Old Age**, Involuntary Losses, caused by over-indulgence, over-exertion of the Brain and **Errors of Youth**. It gives to Weak Organs their Natural Vigor and doubles the joys of life; cures Lucorrhœa and Female Weakness. A month's treatment, in plain package, by mail, to any address, $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. With every $5 order we give a **Written Guarantee** to cure or refund the money. Circulars free. Guarantee issued only by our exclusive agent.

J. HICKS BUNTING, Y. M. C. A. Building. For sale by JOHN H. HARDIN, Wilmington N. C

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Seed Potatoes.

Choice Hou ton EARLY ROSE just received, in fine order and offered low.

A small cons gnment of

Mountain Butter.

HALL & PEARSALL, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Nutt and Mulberry sts

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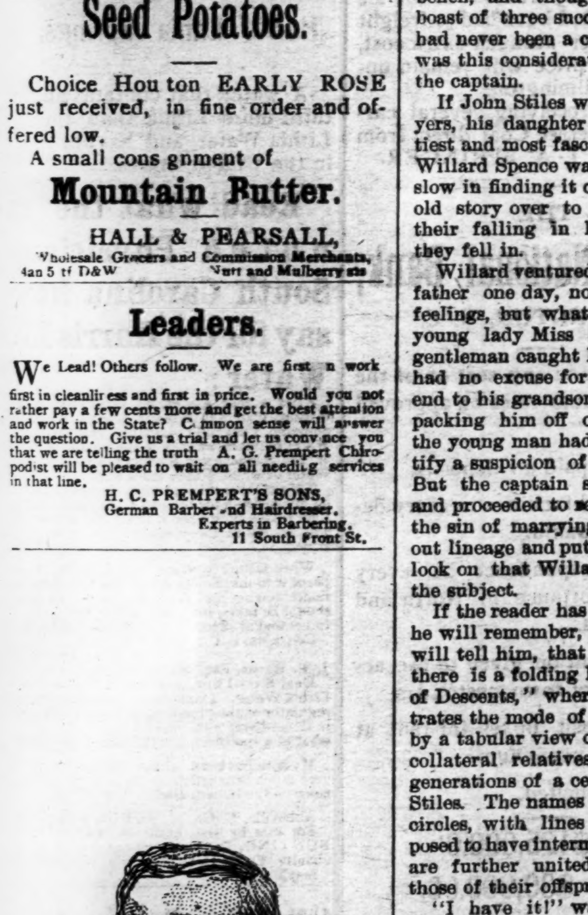
Leaders.

We Lead! Others follow. We are first n work first in cleanliress and first in price. Would you not rather pay a few cents more and get the best attention and work in the State? C mmon sense will answer the question. Give us a trial and let us conv nce you that we are telling the truth A. G. Prempert Chiropodist will be pleased to wait on all needing services in that line.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS, German Barber and Hairdresser, Experts in Barbering, 11 South Front St.



DANVILLE, VA., Dec. 4, 1894.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I have used your **Mexican Mustang Liniment** for over 30 years on my trotting and stage horses for all kind of sprains and bruises that horses are liable to, and consider it the best Liniment in use. I recommend it to all farmers and persons using horses.

T. PAXSON, Formerly of Buffalo Lithia Springs, Va.

[Transporter of U. S. mails for 12 years between Buffalo Lithia Springs and Scottsburg, Va. Owner of the celebrated trotting horse "Twister." Now proprietor of Hotel Normandie, Danville, Va.]

The Morning Star.

AT THE CIRCUS.

Lost my money at the circus—
  Glory, hallelu!
I come to town
An planked it down
Fer to see them hosses go aroun
An the circus chap—oh, he done me brown—
  Glory, hallelu!

Lost my money at the circus—
  Glory, hallelu!
It turned my heels an it turned my head,
For the lemonade was a bilin red,
An the cheap, cheap sideshows had me dead.
An the ace o' clubs warn't the card I said—
  Glory, hallelu!

Lost my money at the circus—
  Glory, hallelu!
I lost it square,
But I jest don't care,
Fer I seen it all, an I got my share
(Have you got one dollar and a half to spare?)—
  Glory, hallelu!

—Atlanta Constitution.

THE FAMILY TREE.

Captain Craik was the proudest man in America. He had served creditably in the war of 1812, as his father had in the Revolution and his grandfather in the "Old French war"—all captains who had never received a scratch or once encountered the vulgar smell of gunpowder.

That none of his name had ever risen above the rank of captain was a circumstance he not a little plumed himself upon. Generals and commanders-in-chief, he was accustomed to say, were for the most part parvenus, promoted through luck or for accidental reasons. But a captaincy running in a family for three generations was quite another affair.

Family pride was the captain's specialty. How far back he could trace his kindred nobody exactly knew, but it was popularly believed he could, if so minded, produce satisfactory proof that the Craiks had cruised through the flood in their own private yacht.

The captain hated the new and worshiped the old. When he went about it was in an ancient family gig drawn by an old horse of approved extraction, now a mere pedigree in harness, but in whose spavins and windgalls the captain took almost as much pride as he did in the family gout.

Captain Craik was rich, moreover. Time and the natural rise of property had made him so. He would have scorned the acquisition of wealth by any less respectable mode. Trade he looked upon as plebeian and vulgar. Speculation was upstartish, and as for petroleum—faugh!

His daughter and only child he had left to die unforgiven and almost in want for having married a man without a grandfather. The poor girl had besought his forgiveness while her husband lived, but ceased to do so after his death, seeming to look upon such an act as a sort of treason to his memory. Her infant son, however, soon left motherless as well as fatherless, was taken into favor at last for the sake of the blood that was in him, and thus it came that Willard Spence was brought up in his grandfather's house in a way befitting the heir apparent to the handsomest fortune within 50 miles.

Captain Craik would have greatly preferred that his grandson, after finishing at college, should have sat down in gentlemanly idleness and quietly awaited his turn at the family succession. But Willard Spence had other views. He was far from sharing his grandfather's notions on the value of ancestry, and though too discreet to openly laugh at them he felt he was more than likely to run counter to them some day, as his poor mother had done, when his own time to marry came. It was for this reason partly and partly because he had an ambition to be something in his own right that Willard prevailed upon his grandfather to enter him as a student in the office of Mr. Stiles, the leading lawyer of the county.

It was with some reluctance that the old gentleman yielded. He entertained a not very exalted opinion of the bar. But then it was a stepping stone to the bench, and though the family could boast of three successive captains there had never been a chief justice in it. It was this consideration that determined the captain.

If John Stiles was the driest of lawyers, his daughter Mary was the prettiest and most fascinating of girls, and Willard Spence was not the man to be slow in finding it out. It would be the old story over to recount the steps of their falling in love and how deeply they fell in.

Willard ventured to hint to his grandfather one day, not at the state of his feelings, but what a nice, intelligent young lady Miss Stiles was. The old gentleman caught like gunpowder. He had no excuse for putting a summary end to his grandson's legal studies and packing him off on a foreign tour, for the young man had said nothing to justify a suspicion of his being in love. But the captain scented danger afar and proceeded to read such a homily on the sin of marrying into families without lineage and put such a disinheriting look on that Willard was fain to drop the subject.

If the reader has ever read Blackstone he will remember, and if he hasn't we will tell him, that in the second book there is a folding leaf called a "Table of Descents," whereon the author illustrates the mode of computing kindred by a tabular view of the ancestors and collateral relatives for ten or a dozen generations of a certain fictitious John Stiles. The names are inclosed in little circles, with lines uniting those supposed to have intermarried, whose names are further united by other lines to those of their offspring.

"I have it!" was Willard Spence's exclamation as his eye fell on this leaf lying lose in the volume he was reading one day.

That evening it was accidentally dropped in his grandfather's way.

"What's this?" asked the old gentleman, picking it up and putting on his specs.

"A paper I found in one of Mr. Stiles' books," was the innocent reply.

"Humph! A copy of the Stiles' family tree, and—stop, let me see—running back, as I live, through more generations than I supposed any man in the state could count but myself! Who'd have thought that dried up old lawyer had so much blood in him?"

"Not I certainly," acquiesced Willard.

"And see, here's the name of Baker. My maternal great-grandmother's maiden name was Baker. By Jove, I shouldn't wonder if we found ourselves related yet!"

"Nor I either," said Willard drily.

"Miss Stiles—is she very handsome?" inquired the old gentleman.

"Passably," answered the young hypocrite.

Then it occurred to the captain to lecture his grandson on the impropriety of not having returned the paper to Mr. Stiles at once. The young man defended himself with a fib, which the reader may pardon if he likes. He said the paper had dropped out of a book he brought home to read, and of course he would hand it to Mr. Stiles the first thing in the morning.

Next day Willard was sitting in Mr. Stiles' office fumbling over a lawbook and thinking of Mary when his grandfather's gig drove up. Willard wished in his heart it had broken down by the way. The thing he most dreaded was the two old gentlemen getting together and coming to explanations at present.

"Is Mr. Stiles in?" inquired the captain.

"Yes, sir," answered the office boy, ushering the visitor into the back office before Willard had time to tell the lie he had framed or tip the boy the wink.

"Good morning, Mr. Stiles," said the captain blandly.

"Good morning, captain," returned the lawyer a little stiffly. "Pray be seated."

The captain excused the stiffness. A man with a dozen generations at his back had a right to be stiff.

"I come to speak to you on a matter of importance," said the captain, taking the proffered seat.

The lawyer's face brightened at the prospect of securing a valuable client.

"My maternal great-grandmother," the captain proceeded, "was a Baker, and your grandfather"—

"Was a shoemaker," the other was on the point of interrupting, for he knew the captain's hobby and had little patience with it.

But before the word was spoken, which would doubtless have led to the explanation Willard so much feared, a cry of alarm broke off the conversation. The two gentlemen reached the front door in time to see the captain's horse and gig dashing down the street at a pace that astonished all beholders. For the first time in 20 years old Roan's blood was up, and as he tore along in a gait compounded of equal parts of canter and stringhalt it was hard to tell which rattled most, the dry bones of the horse or the rickety old gig. The question of which would go to pieces first was speedily settled by one of the hubs striking a post, which in an instant reduced the vehicle to its original elements and brought old Roan up standing, his composure completely restored, the crackers having ceased to pop.

"Who on earth did it?" roared the captain.

Willard didn't know unless it was a sandy haired boy he had just seen dodge round the corner, with a face too dirty to be recognized.

What with the excitement and the gathering up of the fragments and the arrangements necessary to get the captain and old Roan home, the object of the former's visit was for the time forgotten. Before he found an opportunity to renew it, a severe attack of gout laid him up for a season. Meanwhile Willard pressed his suit. Mr. Stiles gave his consent. Mary's had already been obtained, and the "family tree" had settled all scruples with the captain, whose only regret was at not being able to attend the wedding. Whether he ever found out the true state of the case is more than we can tell. If he did, he said nothing, for Mary's loving granddaughterly ways soon completely won his proud old heart, and when little great-grandchildren began to prattle about his knees it wouldn't have made much difference what he found out.—Exchange.

Highly Humorous.

An American who has been traveling in England declares that he has seldom found the average inhabitant of London inclined to be discourteous. As a rule, any information asked by a stranger is given freely and kindly. But you must not expect an Englishman to forego an opportunity to make a good, robust British joke.

On one occasion the traveler happened to be in the neighborhood of Millbank prison and fancied that he would like a glimpse at that famous place of detention.

"Can you tell me the way to Millbank?" he asked of a stout tradesman whom he met.

"Aye," answered John Bull. "Knock me down and rob me pockets, and you'll soon enough be on the straight road there!"

Then, without vouchsafing any further information, he passed on, with a chuckle.—Youth's Companion.

Stopped the Poaching.

A Scotch gentleman, plagued by poachers, procured a cork leg dressed in a stocking and shoe and sent it through the neighboring village by the town crier, who proclaimed that it had been found in a mantrap the previous night in Mr. Ross' grounds, who desired to return it to the owner. There was no more poaching after that.—Pick Me Up.

Ancient Steelyards.

The steelyards found in Herculaneum are constructed on exactly the same principle as those of today, with a pan and a bar, with a graduated scale, along which a weight was moved. The weight was of metal and commonly represented a human head, sometimes the head of a deity, Mercury being the most popular.

Forestalled.

A London jeweler, quoted by Henry Vizetelly in his "Glances Back Through Seventy Years," says that Lord C. came into the shop one afternoon, accompanied by a footman who bore a small case of green baize. Lord C. announced that he wished to have a few words with the jeweler in private and was conducted upstairs. He carried with him the green case.

"This case," said his lordship when the two men were together, "contains the jewels worn by Lady C. on high days and holidays. At present her ladyship is in the country, where she is likely to remain for several months until the next season begins. Now, what I want you to do is to make me an imitation set precisely similar to the originals, only, of course, with false stones. Lady C. is no judge of such things and will never discover the difference.

"You can retain the originals and dispose of them among your customers, allowing me the difference in value between the two sets. But I must ask you to let me have the larger part now, as I have a pressing necessity for money."

The peer took out a key, unlocked the box and produced the jewels. The jeweler looked at them and answered:

"My lord, it is the simplest thing in the world to match these jewels in the way you suggest, but I must inform your lordship that the difference in value between the two sets would not be a penny. The present jewels are counterfeit. I purchased the originals from Lady C. more than two years ago and made her these imitations, which are such excellent ones that I am not at all surprised at their deceiving such an excellent judge of jewels as your lordship."

There was no more to be said, and his lordship withdrew.

THE NEW YEAR.

'Tis better to resolve and fail than never to resolve at all.—Boston Globe.

The only good resolutions are those that are kept. The others are not worth making.—Baltimore American.

Don't be ashamed to make a good many New Year's resolutions and keep as many of them as you can.—Atchison Globe.

With all the drawbacks and in the midst of all the claims of false prophets the New Year opens auspiciously to the American people.—Philadelphia Record.

Goodby, old year! You were a bad one to begin with, and you didn't do your duty. You were panicky and didn't recover from the shaky feeling.—Atlanta Journal.

There is an old proverb that "it is always darkest just before dawn," and surely our darkness has lasted long enough to encourage us to believe the daylight cannot now be far off.—Charleston News.

Amid the congratulations and joyous festivities of the season we should not forget the scenes of destitution that almost touch our own homes of comfort and cheer. We should remember that when work fails hearts fail and homes become desolate and cheerless.—New York Mail and Express.

MAKING TURPENTINE

AN EXTENSIVE INDUSTRY IN CERTAIN SOUTHERN STATES.

How the Trees Are Tapped and the Resinous Gum Gathered—Departments and Divisions In the Work All Under the Keen Eye of the "Rider."

Dialect writers find a fruitful field among the "Tar Heels" of the Carolinas, Alabama and Georgia. In the cool depths of the turpentine woods, with the gashed trees yielding up their resinous gum, the balmy air and the picturesque "hackers," "dippers" and "scrapers," with the ever vigilant "rider" watching everything, is a phase in southern life which has long been the delight of authors and the pleasure of artists. The crudity of the implements and the stills used in making turpentine and rosin lend additional interest to this old industry, and the gypsylike habits of the turpentine makers add to their ragged, illiterate charms.

Turpentine is the distilled gum of the pine trees of North and South Carolina, Alabama, Georgia and part of Florida. The season begins when the first spring sap rises and ends when cold weather checks the flow of the tree's blood. In January or February the "hacker," with his keen bladed ax, begins the round which ends with the season. He is the expert of the woods and knows his trees and just how much hacking they will stand. His task is to cut the "boxes" in which the thick gum of the wounded tree will collect. A box is a wide incision about six inches deep, a wedge shaped cut in the tree, and he hacks from 90 to 100 boxes a day. The first boxes are cut near the roots of the tree, and they are cut as close together to the height of a man's head as can be done without killing the pine. The hacker leaves a width of bark between each box so as to preserve the vitality of the tree. When the trees are leased to the turpentine makers, the terms of the lease limit the number of boxes to each tree, but when it is desired to work the pine to the fullest extent the gashes are carried up to a height of 20 feet or more.

After the hacker comes the man who "corners" the boxes. This "corner" is a cut in the top of the box to guide the sap into the cavities left for the gum, and the man who "works" the "crop" goes systematically from box to box, starting the sap anew with fresh incisions, working in this way 10,000 boxes during the season. The sap or gum fills the boxes with a clear, sticky, thick fluid, and this is removed by the "dipper." Scattered through the woods are barrels in which the "dipper" deposits the gum, which is then hauled to the still. About a quart of sap is taken from each box by means of the trowel shaped scoop used by the dipper, and then the hacker comes along and starts the flow afresh by wounding the tree again. The turpentine maker watches his men closely, for the Tar Heels are an easy going people and require to be urged by the "rider," who goes through the woods on horseback examining the crop, hurrying the dippers and hackers and sending the barreled gum to the still.

The first or "virgin" sap which flows in the spring makes the best rosin, and the poorest is the product of the hardened gum which is left on the sides of the boxes when the sap "turns down" in the fall. This is removed by the "scraper," who moves through the woods with his scraping tool, gathering the leavings.

The still is a large copper vat hooded with a close fitting cover in which is a funnel which in turn is connected with the "worm" of the still. This worm runs down into another vat near at hand, and in this vat the fumes or vapor of the heated gum is distilled into turpentine. Fire under the copper vat heats the gum, and the volatile parts rise to the funnel, pass into the still and are condensed by the water in the second vat into spirits of turpentine. The residuum left in the vat is the rosin of commerce, which is passed through a series of strainers and sieves to the barrels, which are made on the spot. The turpentine, however, cannot be barreled so easily, for it will work through an ordinary barrel. It is placed in white pine barrels which have been coated inside with several coats of strong, hot glue until the barrel is impervious to the subtle fluid.

The trees are worked for five or six seasons, and then the turpentine maker moves to another part of the woods. He started in North Carolina, crossed over to South Carolina and is still moving toward the gulf. Forest fires destroy the pines faster than the hacker does, for the flames sweep over large areas before they die out. Careful owners of turpentine woods have the pine straw and fallen underbrush raked away from their trees before the season begins, and collecting this material in some safe spot wait for a quiet day when no wind will cool the wet finger, and then they burn the rakings.

Negroes are common laborers of the turpentine woods, but white men are plentiful. They live in rough shanties in the woods, with the stables for the mules and horses near at hand. No work is more healthful than turpentine making, for it is all out of doors in the depths of the balmy, health giving pines, free from the malaria of the swamps and from sudden changes of weather.—Chicago Record.

Horsepower.

The difference between nominal, indicated and effective horsepower often puzzles people. Nominal horsepower is an assumed quantity, used for the convenience of makers and buyers in describing the dimensions of the engines. Indicated horsepower is the amount shown by computations of the indicator diagram. Effective or actual horsepower is the work an engine can do or the difference between the indicated horsepower and the horsepower required to drive the engine when unloaded.—New York Tribune.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Out of every hundred lives insured in England only five are women.

Vernier, the young French mathematical prodigy, is only 18 years of age.

Analysis proves that white corn has about 1 per cent more muscle forming element than yellow.

Land in New York city has been sold at a price equal to $8,000,000 per acre, the highest in London at $5,000,000 per acre.

In 1635 during the great "tulip craze" in Holland a single bulb of the "Semper Augustus" sold for a sum equal to $2,200.

China exports $460,000 worth of human hair every year. It comes mostly from the heads of criminals, paupers and dead people.

The Russian name for the czar is Korol, pronounced Karol, derived from Karl (Charlemagne). The title czar is used only in informal conversations.

The most elaborate experiments that have so far been made in aerial propulsion show that the screw is the device which exerts the greatest propulsive power in the air.

It has been computed that the death rate of the globe is 68 per minute, 97,-790 per day, or 35,717,790 per year. The birth rate is 70 per minute, 100,805 per day, or 36,817,200 per year, reckoning the year to be 365¼ days in length.

Congratulated.

Some years ago a theater in Chicago was under the management of an impecunious speculator so chronically unfortunate that he felt uncomfortable unless he was examined in supplementary proceedings twice a week. Business had been worse than bad, and he was standing one day in front of his theater watching four sheriffs carting away all the orchestra chairs, which had been seized for debt.

Nat Goodwin, who was passing at the time, rushed across the street, seized the manager's hand and exclaimed, "My boy, I congratulate you."

"Congratulate me?" sulkily exclaimed the manager. "What do you mean?"

"Why," said Goodwin, "this is the first time I ever saw all your seats taken."—Truth.

Not a Moving Tale.

"In this tale the suspense is well sustained."—Book Review.

Positive Evidence.

She was young, golden haired and spectacled. He was young, smooth faced and spectacled. Likewise his clothes were brand new and his coat of the frock variety. Their fellow passengers on the chair car suspected them of being newly married, but there was a difference of opinion.

Obviously the couple were too well bred to betray themselves by any open demonstration of affection. Still there was that brand new look about them and their evident, if quiet, devotion.

"You bet your life," said the youth with the new russet shoes to the select coterie in the smoking room, "she isn't that chap's sister. If she was, he wouldn't have stuck to her all the afternoon. He'd have been out here with us fellows by this time."

"Yes, I guess they're man and wife," said the man who got on at Albany, "but they don't behave as if they were only just married. Let's ask the coon. He'll know."

The buffet man, on being appealed to, responded promptly: "Yes, sah. Jest married dis morning."

"How do you know, George?" asked the man who got on at Albany. "Did they tell you?"

George sniffed contemptuously. "Didn't need to tell me, sah. Found it out foh myself. Served 'em with lunch jest now, and he didn't know how many lumps of sugah she took in her tea. Had to ask her."—Buffalo Express.

These We Have Always.

A critic suggests that a mass meeting of dramatic critics be called to protest against the further use on the stage of the subjoined expressions:

"You will learn to love."

"Listen [music], and I will tell you the story of my life."

"He was the only man who ever spoke a kind word to me."

"Papa, kiss mamma."

"I must tell you one thing before I go—not very much to you perhaps, but to me everything—I love you."

"Be brave, Jack; you have me."

"Ah, little one, you don't understand these things!"

"For some weeks I have noticed a change in your manner toward me."

"At last, Robert Gorgon, we meet face to face. A-h-h!" (as he is stabbed in the back).

"Me o-h-e-i-l-d!"

"What was that? Only a snap of a twig. How faint my heart feels today! Some superstitious dread seems to hover over me."

"Don't be afraid of me, little one. I once had a child who, if he had lived, would have looked just as you do now." (Looks earnestly at the lad's face and toys with his hair.)

"I see it all now."—Pearson's Magazine.

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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.

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Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail." Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. Regular size 50c and $1

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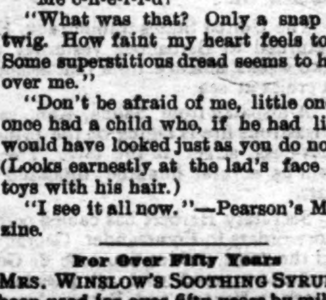

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INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company. jan 25 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MARCH 3, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 3.43 p m, Petersburg 5.43 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.53 a m, Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.39 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.43 p m, Chadbourn 5.15 p m, Marion 6.21 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkins 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.20 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.20 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.58 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 2.55 p m, Warsaw 3.49 p m, Magnolia 4.02 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.55 p m, †Norfolk 3.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.29 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.20 A m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 a m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m, Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.10 p M, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.04 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch, Road leave Weldon 3.48 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.28 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; returning leaves Tarboro 4.50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m, arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 5.00 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.20 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 11.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4.20 p m; arrive Atkins 8.15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 9.17 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.31 p m, arrive Pee Dee 6.51 pm, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 1.45 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 9.00 a m, 9.00 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.35 a m, 9.15 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.13 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 3.10 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, leave Rowland 9.35 a m, Fayetteville 10.53 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 a m, Selma 12.32 a m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.25 p m.

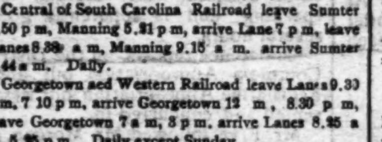
Trains on Charleston, Sumter and Northern Railroad leave Pregnall's 8.30 a m, Summerton 9.43 a m, Sumter 10.35 a m, Darlington 11.55 a m, Bennettsville 12.48 p m arrive Hamlet 1.30 p m. Returning leave Hamlet 2.10 p m, Bennettsville 3.00 p m, Darlington 3.52 p m., Sumter 5.11 p m, Summerton 5.58 p.m, arrive Pregnall's 7.21 p m.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. mar 3 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 4	NORTH BOUND 2	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND 1	SOUTH BOUND 3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—	M	P M
3 30	7 00	Lv.. Mulberry street .. Ar	12 00	7 00
	7 15	Lv.. Surry street .. Ar		6 50
4 22	10 17	Lv.. Jacksonville .. Lv	10 07	4 30
4 56	10 57	Lv.. Maysville .. Lv	9 34	3 20
5 08	11 18	Lv.. Pollocksville .. Lv	9 20	3 00
5 45	12 00	Ar.. Newbern .. Lv	8 45	2 20
P M	M		A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 3.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. jan 29 tf

Seasonable Goods.

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CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.

CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.

NUTS, all prices, all grades.

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Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT FEB. 17, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2
7 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ... Lv	7 25 a. m
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ... Lv	10 31 "
4 33 "	Ar... Fayetteville ... Lv	10 55 "
4 28 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 58 "
3 17 "	Lv ... Sanford ... Ar	12 18 "
1 32 "	Lv ... Climax ... Lv	2 20 p. m
1 01 "	Lv ... Greensboro ... Ar	2 50 "
12 58 "	Ar ... Greensboro ... Lv	3 00 "
12 13 "	Lv ... Stokesdale ... Lv	3 55 "
11 45 a m	Lv ... Walnut Cove ... Lv	4 15 "
11 35 "	Ar ... Walnut Cove ... Lv	4 33 "
11 06 "	Lv ... Rural Hall ... Lv	5 01 "
9 45 "	Lv ... Mt Airy ... Ar	6 35 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4
7 55 p m	Ar ... Bennettsville ... Lv	7 00 a. m.
6 21 "	Lv ... Maxton ... Lv	8 07 "
5 40 "	Lv ... Red Springs ... Lv	8 46 "
4 59 "	Lv ... Hope Mills ... Lv	9 41 "
4 38 "	Lv ... Fayetteville ... Ar	10 05 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday No 15 MIXED	Factory and Madison Branches	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 40 p m	Ar ... Ramseur ... Lv	6 50 a. m.
4 00 "	Lv ... Climax ... Lv	8 35 "
3 05 "	Lv ... Greensboro ... Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 55 "
Arrive Madison	11 15 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 25 p. m
Leave Stokesdale	1 27 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 38 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Trains Nos. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East. Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, North and Southbound, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem. Train No. 16 connects at Madison with Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Train No. 1 makes close connection at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and all points North and West.; and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South bound, and at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line for all Points North and South, and at Fayetteville Junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston, Jacksonville, and all Florida points. Train No 3 connects at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

feb 17 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. Jan. 20, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 23 Daily	No 403 Daily
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 30	......
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 13	12 55	
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 15	
Leave Hamlet	7 05	3 00	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 20	8 36
Arrive Monroe	8.55	5 50	9 22
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 37
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 35
Leave Charlotte			10 25
Leave Lincolnton			11 47
			P. M.
Leave Shelby			12 45
Arr Rutherfordton			2 10

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily	No 402 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 20
Leave Charlotte	5 50	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 30	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	6 50	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 48	12 35	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 40	1 40	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 15	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 21	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	7 50	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.30 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.30 a m	11.05 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.13 a m	3.43 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12 30 p m	7.50 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.30 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5 20 a m	4.00 p m
Leave Atlanta	9.15 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	7.50 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway; at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgauge, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C.

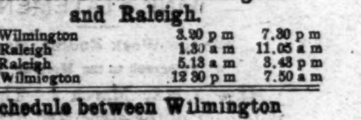
V. E. McBEE, Supt, Trans.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.

JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mgr.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a. m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a. m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S. C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

CHOICE Seed Potatoes.

HOULTON

EARLY ROSE.

Red Rust Proof Oats.

COFFEE, SUGAR, FLOUR,

Meat, Salt,

MOLASSES, &c., &c.

WORTH & WORTH.

jan 17 tf

Cotton Mills

A SPECIALTY. THEIR ORGANIZATION, Equipment and Construction arranged. Plans, specifications and Superintendence furnished for all kinds of Textile Mills. Mill sites and powers examined and reported upon. ARTHUR F. GRAY, Mill Architect and Engineer, Exchange Building, 53 State St., Boston, Mass.

jan 24 1m

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MAR. 3, 1895

MEXICAN RAILROAD WRECK.

Total Number of Deaths Seventy—Five More of the Injured Expected to Die.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 2.—Six more persons injured in the wreck on the Inter-Oceanic railway Thursday have died, making the total number of deaths so far seventy. At least five more of the injured are expected to die. A statement made yesterday that 104 persons were killed in the accident is an error, arising out of a mistake of the *El Universal* in counting some of the injured among the dead.

The damage to the railway company's property is variously estimated at from $20,000 to $50,000. Many of the injured threaten to sue the company for damages. All of the dead and injured belonged to the poor class. The engineer in charge of the wrecked train has not yet been found, but the chief condutor has turned up all right. The railroad officials say the accident was caused by the tender's trucks slipping out of place.

CUBA'S REVOLUTION.

Fight with Insurgents in the Santiago District—Few Killed, Many Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, March 2.—The military commander at Manzanillo, province of Santiago, reports that on February 26 the troops attacked Vequita, where a strong force of insurgents was entrenched. Most of the insurgents were armed, and they held the ditch for two hours. They kept up a steady fire on the Government troops, but eventually were dislodged and dispersed. A few insurgents were killed and many were wounded.

Juan Galberto Gorñez, formerly editor of the *Lucha*, was a member of Coloma's insurgent band, but escaped when the majority of them were captured. He was pursued by a small detachment of troops, and to-day was driven to surrender himself to the authorities of Sabanilla, province of Matanzas. Among the prisoners taken with Coloma's followers was his mistress.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

A Decline in Prices of All Products on the Chicago Board of Trade.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, March 2.—The edge was entirely off wheat to-day and the buyers during the late flurry were manoeuvring to accept as little loss as possible on the property bought at somewhat higher figures. May opened 54⅜@54¼c, declined to 54c, rallied to and closed at 54⅜c—¼c under yesterday. The cash market was quiet, steady and unchanged.

Corn—A half session of the stereotyped Saturday order existed in corn. The complaints of traders at the inactivity and lack of trade were general. A materially easier feeling ruled in prices. May corn opened from 45⅜@45c, sold between 44⅜ and 45⅛c, closing at 44⅞@45c—⅛@⅜c under yesterday. Quotations on cash corn were not altered. Business in that branch of the market was dull.

Oats—Oats were in their usual condition of stagnation. The very moderate business was transacted at prices averaging slightly under those of yesterday. The weaker tone was derived from wheat and corn. May closed ⅛@¼c lower than yesterday. Cash oats were quiet and unchanged.

Provisions—A dull and uninteresting day was passed in this product. The packers were holding off, whilst scalpers believed that moderate returns were to be had on the bear side, and to that end sold small quantities. The hog market was steady, which fact sustained values temporarily at the opening, but later they eased off slightly all around. At the close May pork was 2½@5c under yesterday, May lard and May ribs each 2½c lower.

BANK STATEMENT

For the Week Ending March 2.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserve decrease, $1,768,225; loans increase, $1,588,700. specie decrease, $4,844,200; legal tenders, increase, $3,406,200; deposits decrease, $119,100; circulation increase, $158,900. The banks now hold $28,054,500 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

Total Visible Supply for the World—The New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The *Sun* says: The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 4,794,719 bales, of which 4,473,519 are American, against 4,393,420 and 3,825,220 respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns 89,141 bales. Receipts from the plantations 117,903 bales. Crop in sight 8,497,576 bales.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The *Sun* says: Cotton advanced 6 to 7 points and closed firm, with sales of 47,700 bales. Receipts at the ports for the week are estimated at 110,000 to 150,000 bales. The port receipts to day were 20,663 bales, against 8,185 last year. Liverpool was ⅛ to 1 point higher and closed very steady. New Orleans moved up 4 points for futures; receipts there on Monday estimated at 5,000 to 6,000 bales, against 8 484 last Monday and 5,835 last year. The Signal Service predicted warmer weather at the South. The quantity brought into sight during the past week was 146,741 bales, against 71,431 for the same time last yerr. The total in sight is 8,497,576 bales, against 6,596,446 for the same time last year. The *Chronicle* states that takings by Northern spinners thus far this season are 1,680,481 bales against 1,148,108 for the same time last year. The exports from the ports thus far this season are 5,136,363 bales against 4,007,966 for the same time last season. The world's visible supply is 401,000 bales larger than at this time last year, and 111,000 more than in the bumper crop of 1892. The crop in sight is about half a million bales larger than at this time in 1892.

To-day's features were: Predictions of lighter receipts next week caused covering and some advance. Besides Liverpool was higher and the spot market here was lower.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Spirits turpentine firm and quiet at 33¼@33¾c. Rosin dull and firm; strained common to good $1 40@1 45.

SAVANNAH, March 2—Spirits turpentine firm at 31½c for regulars; sales 270 casks, receipts 148 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged.

CHARLESTON, March 2—Spirits turpentine firm at 31c; receipts — casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 15; receipts 18 barrels.

Remember, Monday is Davis & Zoeller's bargain day. †

SENATE AND HOUSE.

THE LAST LEGISLATIVE DAY OF THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

It Will be Continued by Recesses Until Monday—Fair Progress Made With Appropriation Bills in Both Houses.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—When the Senate met at 11 o'clock to-day it entered upon the last legislative day of the Fifty-third Congress, because, although the Congress does not expire till Monday next at noon, its existence till then will be continued by recesses, not adjournments. Of the eighty-eight members of the present body, sixteen will cease to be Senators at that hour, and, two others have merely a chance of survival. The sixteen are Senators Butler South Carolina; Camden, West Virginia; Carey, Wyoming; Coke, Texas; Dixon, Rhode Island; Dolph, Oregon; Hunton, Virginia; McLaurin, Mississippi; McPherson, New Jersey; Manderson, Nebraska; Martin, Kansas; Power, Montana; Ransom, North Carolina; Walsh, Georgia; Washburn, Minnesota, and Wilson, Iowa. The two whose cases were in suspense this morning are Senators Higgins of Delaware and Shoup of Idaho.

The only real pressing work absolutely necessary to be transacted by the Senate (before the close of the Congress) when the Senate met to-day was the passage of the Naval Appropriation bills The naval bill was taken up for consideration without much delay, and the discussion on various amendments to it as reported from the Committee on Appropriations occupied almost all the time until a recess was taken at 6 p. m., for two hours. The discussion started on the proposition to reduce the number of additional seamen that the Secretary of the Navy might enlist in the next fiscal year from 2,000 to 1,000. That amendment was vigorously contested, but was finally agreed to—yeas 31, nays 25. Other amendments that were contested were those striking out of the bill items for dry docks and buildings at naval stations. When the recess was taken the amendment had not been reached to reduce the number of new battle ships from three to two. The committee amendment—striking out the item for guns for auxiliary cruisers—was agreed to.

An amendment to strike out an item of $80,000 for a construction and repair shop at Port Royal, S. C., was allowed to stand over at the request of Mr. Butler.

During the day's session conference reports on the Fortification bill, the Agricultural and the Indian bill were presented and concurred in, but as all the disagreements on the Indian bill had not been arranged, a further conference was ordered upon that bill.

The arrest and imprisonment of two Cubans—claiming to be American citizens—for participation in the revolutionary movement in Cuba, was this morning called to the attention of the Senate by Mr. Call, who presented a telegram received by him on the subject and had it referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations; with a request on his part that the committee act promptly on the matter.

The night session of the Senate began at 8 p. m. The Naval Appropriation bill was again taken up. When the paragraph was reached as to the construction of three battle-ships—the Appropriation Committee recommending that only two be provided for—the debate on that proposition was about statting, but was interrupted by the conference report on the Diplomatic and Consular bill, showing a continued disagreement on the Hawaiian cable amendment. Mr. Blackburn, who presented the report, moved that the Senate recede from the amendment, as there was no probability of the House agreeing to it. On that a long debate sprung up, which is still (midnight) going on. Mr. Pettigrew, Rep., argued against the amendment, while Mr. Lodge and Mr. Morgan supported the amendment and in favor of annexation of the Sandwich Islrnds. Mr. Lodge declared, passionately, that rather than give it up he would prefer to have ten extra sessions. Mr. Morgan is still speaking, and is apparently good for several hours.

Conference reports on the District of Columbia Appropriation bill and the Legislative Appropriation bill were presented and concurred in.

Mr. Frye followed Mr. Morgan, advocating the Hwaiian cable proposition.

The Senate refused, by a vote of 32 to 27, to recede from its Hawaiian cable amendment.

At 1.30 the Naval Appropriation bill was again taken up and rapidly disposed of until the last and most important amendment was reached—the one to reduce the number of battle ships to be constructed from three to two. Before its being entered upon Mr. Aldrich suggested that as the amendment could not be disposed of to-night the Senate should now take a recess for an hour, to give time for the Sundry Civil bill to be received from the House and then take a recess till 11 a. m. To this proposition Mr. Gormau indicated his assent; but Mr. Peffer preferred that he should go on with the speech which he had desired to deliver against the proposed increase of the navy. Mr. Butler asked him to yield for the "Pooling bill," but he positively declined, and at 1.45 began his speech, having before him a large supply of material for it.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The first session of the last day's proceedidgs of the House in the Fifty-third Congress lasted from noon until 6 o'clock. In that period a considerable amount of business was transacted, under the operation of the rule providing for a suspension of the rules for the passage of bills thereunder, and by unanimous consent. Measures carrying appropriations for proving claims, generally speaking, met very poor success; either Mr. Sayers, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, or his alert and indefatigable lieutenant, Mr. Dockery, interposing fatal objections.

Notwithstanding this was the last legislative day of this Congress, the proceedings on the floor of the House were marked by no unusual scenes of confusion, and but little delay was occasioned thereby. Among the measures that were passed by unanimous consent were the following:

Senate joint resolution to continue the present officers of the courts in the Indian Territory in office until the bill providing for the reorganization of the courts of the territory shall become a law; Senate joint resolution donating to the citizens' committee in charge of the G. A. R. National Encampment to be held at Louisville next fall, condemned cannon from which to make badges for the delegates to the Encampment; Senate bill to reimburse officers and seamen for property lost or destroyed in the Naval service of the United States.

Conference reports were agreed to upon the following bills: Giving to the widow of Rear Admiral Earl English a pension of $50 per month; increasing the pension of Hosea Brown, a veteran of the war of 1812, to $60 per month; authorizing the erection of a statue in the District of Columbia of the late Prof. Samuel Gross, M. D., of Philadelphia, and appropriating $1 500 for a pedestal therefor; the agricultural bill; a partial agreement upon the Indian Appropriation bill.

Under the suspension of the rules a bill was passed to pay the trustees of Washington and Lee University, Virginia, the sum of $17,484, for use and occupancy of the buildings of the institution by Union troops during the war. Upon this motion an interesting debate occurred, in which Mr. Reed warned the House that the Government could not afford to enter upon the policy of paying claims of this character.

Motions to suspend the rules and pass the following bills failed: To pay the trustees of Newberry College, S. C., $15,000 for the use of the buildings by troops during the war; to reimburse Representatives the amount of their salaries withheld during this Congress for absence other than those occasioned by sickness.

A concurrent resolution was agreed to, naming the Secretary of the Treasury, the Superintendent of the Coast and Geodetic Survey and the Director of the Mint as a commission to inquire into and report to the first session of the Fifty-fourth Congress as to the desirability and expediency of the adoption by the Government of the United States of the metrical system, and also as to the prospect of the adoption by the leading nations of the world of the metrical system of coinage, weights and measures. A resolution was agreed to, also, directing the publication of 10,000 copies of the report of the commission appointed by President Cleveland to investigate the Chicago railroad strike last Summer.

At 6 o'clock a recess was taken until 8.

The novelty of a night session drew a crowd of curious people to the Capitol. At 8 o'clock the galleries were crowded to suffocation. The night was close and humid and the air within the chamber was at times stifling, notwithstanding the frantic efforts of the doorkeepers to secure ventilation. The ladies, who formed the larger part of the audience, plied their fans vigorously and looked as uncomfortable as the patrons of a Summer opera. There was considerable confusion on the floor of the House, which was broken from time to time by the sound of the Speaker's gavel and his almost plaintive appeals that "the House will keep order." At one point in the proceedings the confusion in the galleries was so great that the Speaker threatened to clear them if it were not restrained. As the night wore on the spectators gradually returned to their homes, and at midnight the galleries were practically deserted.

EVENING SESSION.

At half an hour after midnight the House was preparing to vote upon the Senate amendment appropriating $5,000,000 under the bounty clause of the McKinley law to the sugar growers of the country. Debate on this amendment began at 10 o'clock and was conducted with great vigor on both sides.

The first business which came before the House at the evening session was the amendment in the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill appropriating $150,000 for the purchase of the Blaine property in this city. The House almost unanimously refused to concur. The amendment creating a retired list for the officers of the revenue cutter service met a like fate. The amendment appropriating $125,000 for the heirs of the Ford's theatre disaster victims was agreed to.

The conference report on the District of Columbia Appropriation bill was agreed to, also conference report on the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Treasury balances: Coin, $88,756,000; currency $78,839,000.

When a vote was reached the House receded from its disagreement to the Senate amendment to pay the bounty—yeas 133, nays 124; present and not voting 2.

The conferees on the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill have reached a full agreement. The House accepts most of the Senate amendments and the Senate recedes from its amendment for the establishment of a classification division in the Patent office.

The partial report on the Sundry Civil bill made this evening shows that in this the most important of the thirteen annual appropriation measures, the Senate has carried the day on the great majority of minor amendments made to the bill. The items of disagreements will be further insisted upon by the two Houses, and another conference will be ordered. The conferees will be engaged on this matter probably the better part of the night.

The House agrees to the Senate amendments providing for the erection of public buildings authorized by law, with some amendments in several cases.

The conferees on the Deficiency Appropriation bill will not meet until to-morrow. The House conferees are Messrs. Breckinridge, of Kentucky; Sayers, of Texas, and Cannon, of Illinois. The two latter gentlemen are also on the Conference Committee on the Sundry Civil bill, and until this is disposed of they cannot act on the deficiency bill.

FLOUR MILLS BURNED.

Total Loss $200,000—Two-Thirds Insured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BETHALTO, ILL, March 2.—Fire started in the Kauffman mill here this morning. It spread with great rapidity, and soon an explosion occurred. The large elevator adjoining the mill was in flames in an hour, and is a total loss. The flames then spread to another flour mill adjoining the elevator, and at 2 p. m. that was reduced to ashes. The fire was under control at 3 p. m. The elevator destroyed contained 4,000 bushels of wheat, and a large warehouse filled with flour was saved with great difficulty. It is believed that the fire was caused by an explosion of flour-dust. Thomas Scott, a mill employe, had an arm broken and was otherwise badly injured. The total loss is $200,000 and is insured for two-thirds of that amount.

BEATEN BY WHITE-CAPS.

Two Brothers Unmercifully Whipped—One Not Expected to Live.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WINSTON, N. C., March 2.—Thirty white-caps went to the homes of Amos and Willey Knott, in Yadkin county, and beat them unmercifully. The two brothers were gagged and tied. Each received over one hundred lashes. Amos is not expected to live. The white-caps charge the brothers with reporting many moonshine distillers in Yadkin, where the revenue officers have made a number of raids recently. The white-caps gave the two men two days within which to leave the country. The brothers say they will do so as soon as they recover from their injuries.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

	1895	1894
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week	184,226	68,869
Total receipts to this date	6,796,601	5,192,170
Exports for the week	89,438	109,225
Total exports to this date	5,087,970	4,008,093
Stock in all United States ports	958,499	862,865
Stock at all interior towns	163,414	167,118
Stock in Liverpool	1,814,000	1,760,000
American afloat for Great Britain	190,000	190,000

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

HONOLULU ADVICES.

The Ex-Queen Sentenced to Five Years' Imprisonment and $5,000 Fine—Sentences of Other Conspirators.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HONOLULU, February 23.—The Executive has not yet passed upon the sentence of the ex-Queen. It is quite certain that the Military Commission made it five years and $5,000 fine. It is well understood that the Government are debating the method and place of imprisonment. A conclusion will soon be arrived at.

This morning at 9 o'clock the President's aid, Major Potter, went to Oahu prison and read to the chief prisoners their sentences as follows: C. T. Gulick, 35 years imprisonment and $10,000 fide; W. H. Rickard, 35 years and $10,000 fine; Major Seward, 35 years and $10,000 fine; Robert W. Wilcox, 35 years and $10,000 fine; T. B. Walker, 30 years and $5,000 fine; Carl Wideman, 30 years and $10,000 fine; Henry Bertelmann, 35 years and $10,000 fine; W. H. C. Grey, 20 years and $10,000 fine; Louis Marshal, 20 years and $10,000 fine; John Lane, 5 years and $5,000 fine; Wm. C. Lane, 5 years and $5,000 fine.

Gulick, Seward, Richards, Wilcox. Newlein and Bertellmann had been sentenced by the military commission to be hanged. The sentences were modified by the Commander-in-Chief as above. Newlein received his sentence at the station house. At the end Major Potter read: "And furthermore, in consideration of the fact that the Government has used you as a witness before the military comsion, the marshal is instructed to set you at large," etc. The marshal then set Newlein at liberty. A similar appendix to the sentence was read in the case of Bertellman, and he also was set free.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

It is Believed that Li Hung Chang's Peace Mission Will Not be Successful—Russia Vetoes the Proposal of Japan to Annex Corea.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 2.—There is a general feeling in the Foreign Office that the peace mission headed by Li Hung Chang will not be successful. Russia has absolutely vetoed the proposal of Japan to annex Corea, and it is understood that Japan now wants possession of the area between the Yalu and Lioa rivers, in order to form a buffer state extending to the Russian frontier of Amoor, Russian Manchuria, which now forming a part of Southeastern Siberia, was acquired by Russia from China and Japan in 1858. This move if successful would secure to Japan the withdrawal of Corea from Chinese influence, possession of Port Arthur and command of the Yellow Sea road to Pekin. Japan also asks for possession of Formosa. The details of Li Hung Chang's credentials, which will be communicated to the Western powers do not ompower him to cede either Manchuria er Formosa to Japan.

SOUTHERN R. R. COMPANY.

A New Contract Made With the Asheville & Spartanburg and Spartanburg, Union and Columbia R. R.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The Southern Railway Company has made a new contract with the Asheville & Spartanburg and the Spartanburg, Union and Columbia Railroads, controlled by John H. Inman. The two roads had been operated under a rental of $80,000. The Southern Railway has leased the roads for an annual rental of $40,000 and given the roads five thousand shares of Southern Railway preferred and 5,000 shares of common stock. The report from Atlanta that the Soutnern Railway Company had purchased the roads is untrue. The roads were excluded from the Richmond Terminal reorganization by Drexel, Morgan & Co.

WARM WIRELETS.

While playing with a gun in East-Birmingham yesterday, Walter Shelton accidentally shot and killed a negro bey named Hill.

The United States training ship Essex returned to Barbadoes yesterday, after two weeks' absence from that island on a cruise at sea.

A dispatch from Salina, Kan., says a disastrous fire is raging on the principal business street of the city. The loss will be several hundred thousand dollars.

Secretary Herbert has cabled peremptory orders to Commander George Ide of the Alert, now at San Jose de Guatemala, to proceed with all possible dispatch to Panama and Protect American interests there.

A terrible saw-mill casualty occurred 12 miles from Adelphi, Ohio, in which four men were killed and two others fatally injured. The boiler, engine and building were blown to atoms. A defective boiler was the cause.

Chief of Police Wright, of Rahway, N. J., with special policeman Jewell, raided a gang of tramps and the vagrants opened fire on the police, killing Jewell instantly. A number of the miscreants were captured, among them Jewell's murderer.

At the Central Hall, Holborn, Eng., Arthur Valentine, the English pugilist, was given the decision in his fight with Jem Perry, of Cardiff, the latter being disqualified for hugging his opponent in the fifth round. This is Valentine's last fight before his meeting with Lavigne.

Charles Allen walked up to three brothers named Slade, at Dawson, Ga., yesterday, and shot one, Paul Slade, dead. The other brothers seized Allen and would have killed him but for the interference of citizens. Allen is in jail. He and the dead man had quarrelled during the day.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Services in St John's Church to-day by the rector, Rev Dr Carmichael, at 11 a m and 5 p m. Sunday school at 4 p m.

Services in Seamen's Bethel to-day at 3 p m, conducted by Rev Dr Carmichael. All seafaring men are earnestly invited to attend.

Second Advent Church, bible reading this morning at 11 o'clock; subject, "The Earth, as it was, is now and is to be," Matt. v. 5, "Blessed are the Meek, for they shall Inherit the Earth"—do they or will they?

St Paul's Church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev F N Skinner Rector, first Sunday in Lent, morning service and Holy Communion 11 o'clock, evening service 7 30 o'clock, Sunday School at 3.30 p m. Daily services at 9 a m, except Wednesday 5.30 p m. "joint service" Wednesday 8 p m. All seats free.

Shiloh Baptist church, corner Walnut and McRae streets. P F Maloy, pastor. Sunday services as follows: Preaching at 11 a m by the great evangelist Rev F L Carlton; Sunday school 12.30 p m; Lord's Supper 3 p m; preaching at 8 p m by Evangelist Carlton. Visitors, strangers and the general public are invited to all these services to hear the wonderful Bible scholar and evangelist.

The Modern Invalid

Has tastes medicinally, in keeping with other luxuries. A remedy must be pleasantly acceptable in form, purely wholesome in composition, truly beneficial in effect and entirely free from every objectionable quality. If really ill he consults a physian; if constipated he uses the gentle family laxative, Syrup of Figs. †

LEE'S INCOMPARABLE INFANTRY.

A Short Chapter in the History of the Second Corps, Army of Northern Virginia.

A gentleman of Wilmington who has had occasion recently to consult the "Records" concerning the famous Second (Jackson's) Corps, Army of Northern Virginia, pencilled the following summary of one month's operations of the corps under Gen. Jubal A. Early in the Summer of 1864, viz.:

From the 13th of June, 1864, to the 14th of July, 1864, Gen. Early, with the old Second Corps of the Army of Northern Virginia, numbering about 8,000, and about 5,000 additional troops, had driven out of the field the army of Hunter, 18,500 strong; had bottled up Sigel at Harper's Ferry with a force of 6,000; had defeated Wallace's army of 7,000 at the Monocacy and sent him whirling into Baltimore; had diverted from Grant's army the Sixth Corps, and a portion of the Ninth Corps, and had marched a distance of five hundred and ten miles, which for length and rapidity has no parallel in our own or any modern war.

The following North Carolina regiments were in Gen. Early's command: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first Twenty-third, Thirtieth, Thirty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fifth, Fifty third, Fifty-fourth, Fifty-seventh, First Battalion, Second Battalion.

The Senatorial baseball team left Washington last night for Charleston, S. C., for their Spring practice.

About 6 o'clock yesterday morning a large four-masted schooner was driven ashore at Cobb Island, eastern shore of Virginia. Its name and destination are unknown. The Merritt Wrecking Company sent a steamer to her releif yesterday afternoon. The crew are reported to have been saved.

News reached Jackson, Miss., yesterday of a murder near Arding. Tom Jones, 20 years old, fired four times across a table at his father, killing him instantly. They quarrelled several days ago, and when the father came home drunk and attacked his son at supper with a fork, the tragedy ensued.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance. Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

It will pay you to see Jno. W. King. Upholstering and Mattress making of all kinds and sizes. Repairing and cleaning furniture. Awnings made and put up. Church and boat cushions made to order. Will have a new stock of Shades this week. Wait for them. No. 5 South Second street. 1t*

Agents wanted to represent the International Building and Loan Institution, New Haven, Conn., also Travel'ing Agents to organize branches. Loans made in every State. 1t*

Turkeys and Geese just received from the country. I have a fine assortment of them that I will sell this morning at a bargain. Also Flour and tobacco at lowest prices. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. c21

$75.00 a week paid to ladies and gents to sell the Rapid Dish Washer. Washes and dries them in two minutes without wetting the hands. No experience necessary; sells at sight; permanent position. Address P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 16, Columbus, Ohio. feb 6 6t

North Carolina Supply Co., Electrical contractors, Electrical Supplies. Estimates furnished on all varieties of electrical construction. Postoffice Box 365, Store 220 Market street. su tu su 3t

Portrait work.—Fine Photographs $1 per dozen. Get my prices on copying, enlarging and viewing before placing your order. Mail orders for copying and enlarging receive prompt attention. A trial order solicited. First-class work guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Extra fine photographs a specialty. c21

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Deals in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 92. c21

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer for quality, Portner's Beer for everybody, That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 409 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Spirittine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spirittine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spirittine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spirittine remedies. c51

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old news papers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

Cash Paid
—FOR—
Beeswax.

If you have some to sell ship it to us and we will allow you

30 CENTS PER POUND

for it in Boston and no charge for Commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO., Boston, Mass.
jan 27 3m Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Woman's Vanity.

They were talking about the vanity of woman, and one of the few ladies present undertook a defence. "Of course," said she, "I admit that women are vain and men are not. Why," she added. with a glance around, "the necktie of the handsomest man in the room is even now up the back of his collar," and she smiled—for every man present put his hand up to the back of his neck. That proves it. We being men are no exceptions. What we are vain of, however, is this: being able to offer

INDUCEMENTS LIKE THESE.

Plain and fancy Silks for waists 33c per yard, regular price 50c.

36 inch all-wool Henrietta 33c per yard, regular price 50c.

Latest styles double width Veiling 33c per yard, regular price 50c.

$1.50 Silk Umbrella for 88c.

36 inch Storm Serge 20c per yard.

60c quality Serge, 40 inch, 45c.

36 inch fancy Cashmeres 25c.

40 inch all-wool Hopsacking 40c.

New lot of Dress Duck 12½c.

Best quality Shirting Prints 5c.

8 and 10c Dress Ginghams 5c.

Many other bargains at

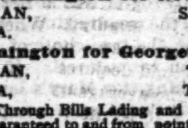
J. H. REHDER & CO.

Next Fourth St. Bridge.

Car fare paid on all purchases over $2.00. Phone 118. mar 3 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C.
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

FANITA, Saturday, March 9
CROATAN, Saturday, Mar. 16

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, March 9
FANITA, Saturday, Mar. 16

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, March 5
FANITA, Tuesday, March 12

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. mar 3 tf

Watch the Lady.

The lady looks happy.

Is the lady happy?

Yes, the lady is *very* happy!

What makes the lady so happy?

The lady is admiring the pretty Shoe she bought of French & Sons.

Don't you want to be happy? If so, come and examine our $1.50 and $2.00 Spring Heel Button Boots.

All kinds of Footwear at

Geo. R. French & Sons.
108 North Front St.,
feb 23 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

Are You Afflicted?

CONSULTATION FREE.

Lady with long hair, representing the 7 Sutherland Sisters, will be at Bunting's Pharmacy, Y. M. C. A. Building, for one week beginning Thursday, February 28.

Information as to the proper care of the hair and scalp will be freely and cheerfully given.

Now is your opportunity; take advantage of it.

Scalp Cleaner, 50c per package.

Hair Renewer, 50c & $1 per bottle.

3 50c packages for $1,25.

3 $1 packages for $2.50.

Bunting's Pharmacy,
Y. M. C. A. Building,
feb 28 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Nine Rich Men

In North Carolina

Out of Every Ten

Commenced life poor. They became rich by spending less than they made. Any one will get rich who continually spends less than he makes. Every young man of ordinary ability in Wilmington can and should save something every month. Deposit your savings in the

WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.

They will be safely kept, and interest will be compounded quarterly.

feb 28 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Laces. Something Special.

Summer Dressmaking starts early. "LACE SPECIAL." We won't say much about them, except that they are pretty, stylish goods, very desirable and marked at three very low prices. We will give you details when you call at our Lace Department.

Katz & Polvogt, 116 Market St.

Some Special Values this Week.

Dress Goods.

Its fearless action, tireless ambition—commands confidence of its patrons that shall rank it the Store of the State.

What other store could handle of DRESS GOODS we have.

Our Price.		Their Price.
34c	Blk and Navy Storm Serge,	50c
59c	46-inch Navy Storm Serge,	75c
$1	56-inch Navy Storm Serge,	$1.39
98c	54-inch colored Whipcord,	$1.50
35c	40-inch Fancy Cheviots and Plaid Fabrics,	59c
49c	Silk Finished Henrietta, all Shades,	75c
35c	" "	60c
9c	Colored and Black Danish Cloth,	12½c
13c	Fancy Crepons,	18c

Black Dress Goods.

Only the price with us—the qualities indisputable, and the bargain is made.

63c	46-inch silk fin'hed Henrietta,	$1
75c	" " "	$1.25
50c	40-inch " "	89c
65c	Diagonal stripe Batiste,	$1
79c	Satin striped Batiste,	$1.25
34c	Figured Mohair,	59c
45c	Fancy Weaves,	75c

Silks Slaughtered.

69c	Fancy shirt waist silks, brocaded satin and taffetas,	$1.50
69c	Heavy black Satin,	1.00
$1.15	Heavy black Duchese,	1.75
$1.19	Heavy gros grain Silks,	2.00
85c	Extra quality colored Silk Crapes de Chines,	1.25
89c	Beautiful line fancy Shirt waist and dress silks,	$1.25, $2
33c	Ki Ki wash silks,	75c

35c	32-in Pongee silk, all shades,	60c
49c	32-in extra Japanese silks,	75c

We have cut our entire stock colored silk velvets uniform in price with those of Lichtenstein's stock

95c	Secures you the choice, $1,	$1.75
49c	1 lot changeable surah silk,	75c

Domestics—Linens.

8c	Yard wide lonsdale shirting,	10c
20c	Bleached sheetings, 10-4	32c
15c	Unbleached sheetings,	20c
8c	45-in bleached pillow casing,	12½c
55c	9-4 Hemmed bleached seets, ready for use,	75c
60c	10-4 " " "	80c
15c	Hemmed pillow cases, ready for use,	25c
12c	" " "	20c

all of the imported as the pride of the Twenty-third street Linen Department.

25c	Oil red damask,	49c
42c	Oil red damask,	59c
31c	Bleached damask,	49c
31c	Black damask, red border,	49c
62c	Satin Damask,	89c

Rugs and Mattings.

Moquette Rugs 18-36, 88c.

Moquette Rugs, size 36x72, exquisite colorings and designs, value $5, sale price $3.49.

Smyrna Rugs, size 36x72, extra heavy quality, value $5.50, sale price $2.89.

Japanese Rugs, size 36x72, best quality, full size, value $2.75, sale price $1.89.

100 rolls China Matting, 40 yards to roll, value $6 per roll, sale price $3.98.

50 rolls Cotton Warp Matting, worth 35c per yard and $12.50 per roll, sale price $7.89.

The Wheeler and Wilcox New No. 9 Sewing Machine

Is the best Machine in the world. Sold on easy terms. Ten dollars first payment, and three dollars per month afterwards-

KATZ & POLVOGT, Selling agents.

Graham Watts, Mgr Machine Dept.

Machine deprrtment rooms removed to second floor of Katz & Polvogt,s establishment, 116 Market street.

Katz & Polvogt,

116 Market Street.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market Street.

feb 17 tf

Coal by Steamer.

Now Landing by Clyde S. S. Croatan.

300 Tons

Choice Egg & Stove Coal.

It being impossible for sailing vessels to move by reason of the ice blockade North, I have had to freight Coal by steamer at much extra cost, although the price will remain unchanged in Wilmington.

I am now receiving several carloads of Tennessee Coal direct from the mines. J. A. SPRINGER.

feb 23 tf

THE

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Loans made in any section of the State at minimum rates on approved security.

No interest paid on deposits.

Unsurpassed facilities in every department of Banking.

Direct correspondence at every point of importance in North and South Carolina.

Special attention given to the accounts of out-of-town customers.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at from $4 to $8 per annum.

Accounts solicited.

Capital, $125,000.00
Surplus, $30,000.00
Total Assets, $800,000.00

mar 1 tf

NOTICE!

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company will be held on Wednesday, March 6th, at Four o'clock p. m., in the office of the Company on Princess street.

All stockholders are requested to be represented in person or by proxy. mch 1 td

BEST

Condensed News,
Stories,
Miscellany,
Women's Department,
Children's Department,
Agricultural Department
Political Department,
Answers to Correspondents,
Editorials,
Everything,

WILL BE FOUND IN THE

Weekly Courier-Journal

A ten-page, eight-column Democratic Newspaper. HENRY WATTERSON is the Editor.

PRICE $1.00 A YEAR

The WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL makes very liberal terms to Agents. Sample copies of the paper and Premium Supplement sent free to any address. Write to

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dec 28 tf LOUISVILLE, KY

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office.

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under Carets.

HARRIS' Lithia WATER

Harris' Lithia Springs, S. C.

A water that contains about one-third more Lithia than the Buffalo Lithia Water, and has not an equal in the United States.

Read what the most noted Physicians of South Carolina have to say for the Harris Lithia Water:

After a long and varied experience in the use of Mineral Waters from many sources, both foreign and domestic, I am fully persuaded that the Harris Lithia Water possesses efficacy in the treatment of afflictions of the Kidneys and Bladder unequalled by any other Water of which I have made trial.

This opinion is based upon observation of its effects on my patients for the past three years, during which time I have prescribed it freely and almost uniformly with benefit in the medicable maladies above mentioned.

When failure to relieve has occured, I have imputed it to insufficient use of the Water, for my experience teaches me that from one to two quarts daily should be taken from two to four weeks, to secure its full remedial effects. A. N. TALLY, M. D.
Columbia, S. C., October 8th, 1892.

CAMDEN, January 26 1892.
J. T. Harris, Esq., Harris Spring, S. C.:
Dear Sir:—I find great benefit from the use of your Lithia Water. I consider it a fine tonic, a general regulator of the digestion, as well as very efficacious in those diseases for which Lithia is considered somewhat of a specific. JUDGE J. B. KERSHAW.

My wife has been using your Lithia Water and is very much benefitted. I consider it in every respect equal to the famous Buffalo Lithia Water.

Abbeville, S. C. JUDGE J. S. COTHRAN.

For sale by the bottle or gallon by J. HICKS BUNTING, Druggist, sole agent for Wilmington and vicinity, Y. M. C. A. Building, Wilmington, N. C. may 28 tf

1831 The Cultivator 1895 AND Country Gentleman,

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DEVOTED TO

Farm Crops and Processes, Horticulture & Fruit-Growing, Live Stock and Dairying,

While it also includes all minor departments of Rural interest, such as the Poultry Yard, Entomology, Bee Keeping, Greenhouse and Grapery, Veterinary Replies, Farm Questions and Answers, Fireside Reading, Domestic Economy, and a summary of the News of the Week. Its MARKET REPORTS are unusually complete, and much attention is paid to the Prospects of the Crops, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—*When to Buy and When to Sell.* It is liberally Illustrated, and contains more reading matter than ever before. The subscription Price is $2.50 per year, but we offer a SPECIAL REDUCTION in our

CLUB RATES FOR 1895.

TWO SUBSCRIPTIONS,	in one remittance		$
SIX SUBSCRIPTIONS,	do.	do.	10
TEN SUBSCRIPTIONS,	do	do.	15

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